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The Gazette of India.

EXTRAORDINARY.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, FRIDAY, JANUARY 1, 1892.

STAR OF INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Fort William, the 1st January 1892.

No. 1 S.I.

His Excellency the Grand Master of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India has pleased to announce that Her Majesty the Queen, Empress of India, has been graciously pleased to make the following appointments to the said Order:—

To be Companions.

THE HON'BLE JOHN WOODBURN, Indian Civil Service, Chief Secretary to the Government of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, and an Additional Member of the Council of the Governor-General for making Laws and Regulations.

WILLIAM LEE-WARNER, ESQ., Indian Civil Service, Secretary to the Government of Bombay in the Political Department.

By order of the Grand Master,

W. J. CUNINGHAM,

for Secretary to the Most Exalted
Order of the Star of India.

INDIAN EMPIRE.

NOTIFICATION.

Fort William, the 1st January 1892.

No. 1 I.E.

His Excellency the Grand Master of the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire is pleased to announce that Her Majesty the Queen, Empress of India, has been graciously pleased to make the following appointments to the said Order:—

To be a Knight Grand Commander.

HIS HIGHNESS MAHARAJ-ADHIRAJ SARDUL SINGH BAHADUR, Maharaja of Kishengarh in Rajputana.

To be a Knight Commander.

HIS EXCELLENCY ALI KULI KHAN MUKHBAR-UD-DAULA, C.I.E., Minister of Telegraphs in Persia.

To be Companions.

COLONEL JOHN CHARLES ARDAGH, C.B., Royal Engineers, Private Secretary to His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General.

FREDERIC CLENDON DAUKES, ESQ., Indian Civil Service, Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Assam.

RAJA RAMCHANDRA VITAL RAO SAHIB, Raja of Sandur in the Madras Presidency.

MAJOR HENRY PERCY POINGDESTRE LEIGH, Indian Staff Corps, Deputy Commissioner, Kohat.

RAJA GODE NARAYANA GAJAPATI RAO of Vizagapatam, Madras Presidency.

HERBERT HOPE RISLEY, ESQ., Indian Civil Service, Officiating Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Financial and Municipal Departments.

MUHAMMAD ABDULLA KHAN, BAHADUR, Honorary Magistrate, Isa Khel, Bannu District, Punjab.

JOSEPH BAMPFYLDE FULLER, ESQ., Indian Civil Service, Commissioner of Settlements and Agriculture, Central Provinces.

KHAN BAHADUR MIR GHULAM BABA of Surat.

HERBERT THIRKELL WHITE, ESQ., Indian Civil Service, Commissioner of a Division in Burma.

By order of the Grand Master,

W. J. CUNINGHAM,

*for Secretary to the Most Eminent
Order of the Indian Empire.*

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Fort William, the 1st January 1892.

No. 1 I.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Nawab Bahadur as a personal distinction upon :—

Nawab Sir Khwaja Abdul Ghani, K.C.S.I., of Dacca.

The Hon'ble Nawab Khwaja Ahsun Ullah, C.I.E., of Dacca, Additional Member of the Council of the Governor-General for making Laws and Regulations.

No. 2 I.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer upon Raja Gobind Lal Roy of Tajhut in Rungpur the title of Raja Bahadur as a personal distinction.

No. 3 I.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Nawab on Nasir Ali Khan, son of the late Nawab Ali Raza Khan of Lahore.

No. 4 I.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer upon Maulvi Saiyid Amir Husain, C.I.E., Presidency Magistrate, Calcutta, the title of Nawab as a personal distinction.

No. 5 I.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer upon Babu Satis Chandra Pauré, Zamindar of Pakour in the Sonthal Parganas, the title of Raja as a personal distinction.

No. 6 I.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer upon Alexio Pinto, Deputy Collector in the Madras Presidency, the title of Dewan Bahadur as a personal distinction.

No. 7 I.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Khan Bahadur as a personal distinction upon :—

Maulvi Saiyid, Muhammad Abu Saleh, Landholder of Gya.

Khan Sahib Khudadad Khan, Political Head Munshi in the Office of the Commissioner in Sind in the Bombay Presidency.

Nawabzada Shamsheer Ali Khan, Mandal, Chairman of the Municipal Committee of Karnal in the Punjab.

Fakir Saiyid Jamal-ud-din, late Extra Assistant Commissioner, Honorary Magistrate of Lahore in the Punjab.

Darya Khan, Nasiri, Camel Jemadar, Baluchistan.

No. 8 I.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Rai Bahadur as a personal distinction upon:—

Cherukupalli Suriyanarayana, Agency Head Clerk, Vizagapatam, in the Madras Presidency.

Baru Venkata Rana Norasu Pantula, Tahsildar of Golconda, Vizagapatam, in the Madras Presidency.

Babu Ishan Chandra Mitter, Government Pleader, Hooghly.

Babu Iswar Chandra Sil, Honorary Magistrate and Vice-Chairman of the Dacca Municipality.

Babu Bankim Chandra Chatterjee, late Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, 24-Parganas.

Babu Baij Nath Singh, Honorary Magistrate, Gya.

Chaudhri Raghunath Singh, Honorary Magistrate of Najafgarh in the District of Delhi in the Punjab.

Konganda Moodiah, of Napoklu in the Padinalknad Taluk in Coorg.

Cheppadira Somiah of Mercara in Coorg.

Munshi Hardyal Singh of Jodhpore in Rajputana.

Lalla Kishori Lall of Jodhpore in Rajputana.

Subadar-Major Bhagwan Singh, Upper Burma Military Police.

Sardar Rup Singh, Hakim-i-Ala, Kashmir.

No. 9 I.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Rao Bahadur as a personal distinction upon:—

Muthukarappa Arumugam Pillai, Tahsildar of the Ponneri Taluk in the District of Chingleput in the Madras Presidency.

C. Jambulingam Mudaliyar, Vice-President of the District Board of Cuddapa in the Madras Presidency.

Gunnoo Naidoo, Senior Hospital Assistant in the Bombay Presidency.

Dadoba Sakharam Shirvalkar, Sub-Engineer and Honorary Assistant Engineer in the Public Works Department in the Bombay Presidency.

No. 10 I.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Sardar Bahadur as a personal distinction upon :—

Sardar Harnam Singh, Honorary Magistrate of Kharar in the District of Umballa in the Punjab.

Baisakha Singh, late Inspector of Police in the Punjab.

No. 11 I.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Khan Sahib as a personal distinction upon :—

Massu Khan, Notkani, Inspector of Police in the District of Dera Ghazi Khan, in the Punjab.

Saiyid Mustafa Hossain, Honorary Magistrate of Faridabad in the District of Delhi in the Punjab.

Bahadur Khan of Dab in the District of Jhang in the Punjab.

Abdul Ghafur, Sub-Surveyor, Survey of India.

No. 12 I.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Rai Sahib as a personal distinction upon :—

Pundit Diwan Chand of the Shahpur district in the Punjab.

Lala Hari Chand, Vice-President of the Municipal Committee of Multan in the Punjab.

Chaudhri Nathan Singh, Zaildar in the District of Delhi in the Punjab.

Babu Netai Chaund Chatterjee, Deputy Examiner, 2nd Grade, and Superintendent of the Commissariat Branch of the Military Accounts Department, Eastern Circle, Bengal.

Babu Mohendro Nath Chatterjee, Chief Clerk in the Office of the Commissary-General, Western Circle.

Lalla Jora Mull, Store-keeper, Bengal Commissariat Transport Department.

Babu Sreekristo Ghose, 1st Class Assistant in the Office of the Commissary-General, Eastern Circle.

No. 13 I.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Rao Sahib as a personal distinction upon :—

Mangesh Callian Shastri of the Commissariat Department in the Bombay Presidency.

Morarrao Kshirsagar, Inspector of the Bombay City Police.

Yesu Govind Nagwekar, late Chief Constable in the Ratnagiri District Police in the Bombay Presidency.

Raghunath Ramchandra Shirgaonkar of the Public Works Department under the Kolhapur Darbar in the Bombay Presidency.

Ellappa Balaram, Building Contractor in Bombay.

Nirbhe Singh Mandloi of Solpur in the Hoshangabad District.

No. 14 I.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer upon Munshi Gurdit Singh, Mir Munshi and Native Assistant to the Agent to the Governor-General in Central India, the title of Sardar as a personal distinction.

No. 1 E.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer upon Maung Taing, Extra Assistant Commissioner, 3rd Grade, Zeyawadi township, Toungoo District, the title of Kyet Thaye Zaung Shwe Salwe Ya Min as a personal distinction.

No. 2 E.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer upon Maung Myat Tha, Inspector of Police, Myingyan, the title of Thuye Gaung Ngwe Da Ya Min as a personal distinction.

No. 3 E.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer upon Maung Ba Bwa, Myook, 4th Grade, Monywa township, the title of Ahmudan Gaung Tazeik Ya Min as a personal distinction.

W. J. CUNINGHAM,

Dy. Secretary to the Government of India.

Registration
Rep. Rev. 908.
Expenditure 900.
Accounts
Revision
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The Gazette of India

EXTRAORDINARY.

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CALCUTTA, FRIDAY, JANUARY 15, 1892.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 12th January, 1892.

SEPARATE REVENUE.

GOA TREATY.
CUSTOMS.

No. 171.

In the exercise of the powers conferred by Section 19 of the Sea Customs Act, VIII of 1878, the Governor General in Council is pleased to prohibit, with effect from the 15th January, 1892, the bringing or taking by sea or by land, into any part of the Presidency of Bombay, of country liquor produced or manufactured in any part of the Indian Possessions of His Majesty the King of Portugal and the Algarves.

No. 172.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the undermentioned Notifications be cancelled, with effect from the 15th January, 1892:—

Notifications in the Finance and Commerce Department, No. 9, dated the 3rd January, 1880; No. 47 C., dated the 4th February, 1880, and No. 2248, dated the 14th July, 1882.

J. F. FINLAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

Registrar
Dep. Secy
Expenditure
Accounts
Revision
2/1/92



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 1.}

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 2, 1892.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART II.—Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, Administrator General, Paper Currency Department, Presidency Pay Master, Money Order Department, Mint Master, Secretary and Treasurer, Bank of Bengal, Superintendent of Government Printing, and other Government Officers; Postal, Telegraph, and Commissariat Notices.

PART III.—Advertisements and Notices by private individuals and Corporations.

PART IV.—Acts of the Governor-General's Council assented to by the Governor-General:—

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PART V.—Bills introduced in the Council of the Governor-General of India for making Laws and Regulations, or Reports of Select Committees presented to the Council:—

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PART VI.—Abstract of the Proceedings of the Council of the Governor-General of India assembled for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations:—

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SUPPLEMENT NO. I.

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 30th December, 1891.

No. 38.—Whereas by Resolutions passed by the Secretary of State for India in Council on the nineteenth day of September, 1872, and the fourth day of June, 1874, respectively, the provisions of the 33rd of Vict., Chap. 3, Sec. 1, were declared applicable to the territories under the administration of the Chief Commissioner of Assam;

And whereas the Chief Commissioner of Assam has proposed to the Governor General in Council a draft of the following Regulation; together with the reasons for proposing the same;

And whereas the Governor General in Council has taken the draft and reasons into consideration, and has approved of the draft and the same has received the Governor General's assent on the 26th day of December, 1891;

In pursuance of the direction contained in the said section, the said Regulation is now published in the *Gazette of India*:—

REGULATION NO. VII OF 1891.

THE ASSAM FOREST REGULATION, 1891.

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A Regulation to amend the law relating to forests, forest-produce and the duty leviable on timber in Assam.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the law relating to forests, forest-produce and the duty leviable on timber in Assam; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

CHAPTER I.

PRELIMINARY.

I. (1) This Regulation may be called the Title, extent and Assam Forest Regulation, commencement. 1891.

(2) It extends to the whole of the territories for the time being administered by the Chief Commissioner of Assam:

Provided that the Local Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, exempt any place from the operation of the whole or any part thereof, and withdraw such exemption; and

(3) It shall come into force on such day as the Local Government, by notification in the official Gazette, directs.

(4) A notification under the proviso to subsection (2) exempting a place from the operation of the whole or any part of the Regulation shall not affect anything done, or any offence committed, or any fine or penalty imposed, in such place before such exemption.

2. (1) On and from the day on which this Regulation comes into force, the Indian Forest Act, 1878, as amended by subsequent enactments, shall be repealed:

(2) But all acts done, proceedings had, appointments made, powers conferred, rules prescribed and notifications published under the said Indian Forest Act, 1878, or under any other law relating to matters for which this Regulation provides, shall, so far as they are not inconsistent with this Regulation, be deemed to have been respectively done, had, made, conferred, prescribed and published under this Regulation.

3. In this Regulation, and in all rules made thereunder, unless there is something repugnant in the subject or context,—

(1) "Forest-officer" means any person appointed by name or as holding an office by or under the orders of the Governor General in Council or the Local Government to be a Conservator, Deputy Conservator, Assistant Conservator, Sub-Assistant Conservator, Forest-ranger, Forester or Forest-guard, or to discharge any function of a Forest-officer under this Regulation or any rule thereunder:

(2) "tree" includes palms, bamboos, stumps, brushwood and canes:

(3) "timber" includes trees when they have fallen or have been felled, and all wood, whether cut up or fashioned or hollowed out for any purpose or not:

(4) "forest-produce" includes—

(a) the following, whether found in, or brought from, a forest or not, that is to say:—

timber, charcoal, caoutchouc, catechu, wood-oil, resin, natural varnish, bark, lac and myrabolams, and

(b) the following, when found in, or brought from, a forest, that is to say:—

(i) trees and leaves, and fruits, and all other parts or produce not herein-before mentioned of trees,

(ii) plants not being trees (including grass, creepers, reeds and moss), and all parts or produce of such plants,

(iii) wild animals and skins, tusks, horns, bones, silk, cocoons, honey and wax, and all other parts or produce of animals, and

(iv) peat, surface-soil, rock and minerals (including limestone, laterite, mineral oils and all products of mines or quarries):

(5) "forest-offence" means an offence punishable under this Regulation or any rule thereunder:

(6) "cattle" includes also elephants, buffaloes, horses, mares, geldings, ponies, colts, fillies, mules, asses, pigs, rams, ewes, sheep, lambs, goats and kids:

(7) "river" includes also streams, canals, creeks and other channels, natural or artificial:

(8) "land at the disposal of the Government" means land in respect of which no person has acquired—

(a) a permanent, heritable and transferable right of use and occupancy under any law for the time being in force; or

*The Assam Forest Regulation, 1891.**(Chapter II.—Reserved Forests.—Sections 4-10.)*

(b) any right created by grant or lease made or continued by, or on behalf of, the British Government: and

(9) "Magistrate" means a Magistrate of the first or second class, and includes a Magistrate of the third class when he is specially empowered by the Local Government to try forest-offences.

CHAPTER II.

RESERVED FORESTS.

4. The Local Government may constitute any land at the disposal of the Government a reserved forest in manner hereinafter provided.

5. (1) Whenever it is proposed to constitute any land a reserved forest, the Local Government shall publish a notification in the official Gazette—

(a) specifying as nearly as possible the situation and limits of such land;

(b) declaring that it is proposed to constitute such land a reserved forest; and

(c) appointing an officer (hereinafter called the Forest-settlement-officer) to inquire into and determine the existence, nature and extent of any rights claimed by, or alleged to exist in favour of, any person in or over any land comprised within such limits, and any claims relating to the practice within such limits of jhum-cultivation, and to deal with the same as provided in this Chapter.

(2) The Forest-settlement-officer shall ordinarily be a person other than a Forest-officer, but a Forest-officer may be appointed by the Local Government to assist the Forest-settlement-officer in the inquiry prescribed by this Chapter.

6. When a notification has been published under section 5, the Forest-settlement-officer shall publish in the language of the country, at the head-quarters of each district and subdivision in which any portion of the land comprised in such notification is situate, and in every town and village in the neighbourhood of such land, a proclamation—

(a) specifying as nearly as possible the situation and limits of the proposed forest;

(b) setting forth the substance of the provisions of the next following section;

(c) explaining the consequences which, as hereinafter provided, will ensue on the reservation of such forest; and

(d) fixing a period of not less than three months, from the date of the publication of such proclamation, and requiring

every person claiming any right or making any claim referred to or mentioned in section 5 either to present to such officer within such period a written notice specifying, or to appear before him within such period and state, the nature of such right or claim.

7. (1) During the interval between the publication of such proclamation and the date fixed by the notification declaring the forest to be reserved as hereinafter provided, no right shall be acquired in or over the land comprised in such notification, except by succession or under a grant or contract in writing made or entered into by, or on behalf of, the Government or some person in whom such right or power to create such right was vested when the proclamation was published; and on such land no new house shall be built or plantation formed, no fresh clearings for cultivation or for any other purpose shall be made, and no trees shall be cut for the purpose of trade or manufacture except as hereinafter provided.

(2) Nothing in this section shall be deemed to prohibit any act done with the permission in writing of the Forest-settlement-officer, or any clearings lawfully made for jhum-cultivation by persons in the habit of practising such cultivation on such land.

8. (1) The Forest-settlement-officer shall take down in writing all statements made under section 6, and shall inquire into all claims made under that section, and the existence of any right or practice mentioned in section 5 in respect of which no claim is made.

(2) The Forest-settlement-officer shall at the same time consider and record any objection which the Forest-officer, if any, appointed under section 5 to assist him, may make to any such claim or with respect to the existence of any such right or practice.

9. For the purposes of such inquiry the Forest-settlement-officer may exercise—

(a) power to enter, by himself or any officer authorized by him for the purpose, upon any land, and to survey, demarcate and make a map of the same; and

(b) the powers of a Civil Court in the trial of suits.

10. (1) In the case of a claim relating to the practice of jhum-cultivation the Forest-settlement-officer shall record a statement setting forth the particulars of the claim and of any local rule or order under which the practice is allowed or regulated, and submit the statement to the Local Government, together with his opinion as to whether the practice should be permitted or prohibited wholly or in part.

*The Assam Forest Regulation, 1891.**(Chapter II.—Reserved Forests.—Sections 11-14.)*

(2) On receipt of the statement and opinion the Local Government may make an order permitting or prohibiting the practice wholly or in part.

(3) If such practice is permitted wholly or in part, the Forest-settlement-officer may arrange for its exercise—

(a) by altering the limits of the land under settlement so as to exclude land of sufficient extent, of a suitable kind and in a locality reasonably convenient for the purposes of the claimants, or

(b) by causing certain portions of the land under settlement to be separately demarcated, and giving permission to the claimants to practise jhum-cultivation therein under such conditions as he may prescribe.

All arrangements made under this sub-section shall be subject to the previous sanction of the Local Government.

(4) The practice of jhum-cultivation shall in all cases be deemed to be a privilege subject to control, restriction and abolition by the Local Government, and not to be a right.

11. (1) In the case of a claim to a right in or over any land other than the following rights, namely:—

(a) a right of way,

(b) a right to a watercourse or to use of water,

(c) a right of pasture or to forest-produce,

the Forest-settlement-officer shall pass an order specifying the particulars of such claim and admitting or rejecting the same wholly or in part.

(2) If such claim is admitted wholly or in part, the Forest-settlement-officer may—

(x) come to an agreement with the claimant for the surrender of the right, or

(y) exclude the land from the limits of the proposed forest, or

(s) proceed to acquire such land in the manner provided by the Land Acquisition Act, 1870.

(3) For the purpose of so acquiring such land—

(i) the Forest-settlement-officer shall be deemed to be a Collector proceeding under the Land Acquisition Act, 1870;

(ii) the claimant shall be deemed to be a person interested and appearing before him in pursuance of a notice given under section 9 of that Act;

(iii) the provisions of the preceding sections of that Act shall be deemed to have been complied with; and

(iv) the Collector, with the consent of the claimant, may award compensation in land, or in money, or partly in land and partly in money.

12. (1) In the case of a claim to a right of a kind specified in clause (a), clause (b) or clause (c) of section 11, sub-section (1), the Forest-settlement-officer shall pass an order specifying the particulars of such claim and admitting or rejecting the same wholly or in part.

(2) When a claim to any such right is admitted, if the right is for the beneficial enjoyment of any land or building, the Forest-settlement-officer shall record the designation, position and area of such land or the designation and position of such building.

(3) Where the right is a right to forest-produce, the Forest-settlement-officer shall record whether the forest-produce obtained by the exercise of such right may be leased, sold or bartered, and such other particulars as may be necessary in order to define the nature, incidents and extent of the right.

13. (1) When the Forest-settlement-officer has admitted wholly or in part and recorded under the last foregoing section a claim to a right of pasture or to forest-produce, he shall as far as possible provide for the exercise of such right—

(a) by altering the limits of the proposed reserved forest so as to exclude land of sufficient extent, of a suitable kind and in a locality reasonably convenient for the purposes of the claimant, or

(b) by recording an order continuing to the claimant a right of pasture or to forest-produce, as the case may be, subject to such rules as may be prescribed by the Local Government.

(2) An order passed under clause (b) of sub-section (1) shall record, as far as practicable,—

(i) where the right is a right of pasture, the number and description of the cattle which the claimant is from time to time entitled to graze, and the local limits within which, and the seasons during which, such pasture is permitted, and

(ii) where the right is a right to forest-produce, the quantity of such produce which the claimant is authorised to take or receive, and the local limits within which, the season during which, and the mode in which, the taking or receiving of such produce is permitted, and,

(iii) whether the right is a right of pasture or a right to forest-produce, such other particulars as may be required in order to define the extent of the right which is continued, the mode in which it may be exercised and the extent to which the benefit thereof may be leased, sold or bartered.

14. Whenever any right of pasture or to forest-produce is admitted under section 12 is not provided for in one of the ways prescribed in section 13, the Forest-settlement-officer shall,

*The Assam Forest Regulation, 1891.**(Chapter II.—Reserved Forests.—Sections 15-23.)*

subject to such rules as the Local Government may prescribe in this behalf, commute such right by paying a sum of money in lieu thereof, or, with the consent of the claimant, by the grant of land, or in such other manner as such officer thinks fit.

15. Any person who has made a claim under this Chapter may, within three months from the date of any order passed on such claim by the Forest-settlement-officer under section 11, 12, 13 or 14, present an appeal from such order to such officer of the Revenue Department, of rank not lower than that of a Deputy Commissioner, as the Local Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, appoint by name, or as holding an office, to hear appeals from such orders.

16. (1) Every appeal under the last foregoing section shall be made by petition in writing and may be delivered to the Forest-settlement-officer, who shall forward it without delay to the officer competent to hear the same.

(2) Every such appeal shall be heard in the manner prescribed for the time being for the hearing of appeals in matters relating to revenue, and, except as hereinafter provided, the order passed on the appeal shall be final.

Notification declar-
ing forest reserved.

17. (1) When the following events have occurred, namely:—

- (a) the period fixed under section 6 for preferring claims has elapsed, and all claims, if any, made within such period have been disposed of by the Forest-settlement-officer, and
- (b) if such claims have been made, the period fixed by section 15 for appealing from the orders passed on such claims has elapsed, and all appeals, if any, presented within such period have been disposed of by the appellate officer, and
- (c) all lands, if any, to be included in the proposed reserved forest which the Forest-settlement-officer has, under section 11, elected to acquire under the Land Acquisition Act, 1870, have become vested in the Government under that Act,

the Local Government may publish a notification in the official Gazette, specifying the limits of the forest which it is intended to reserve and declaring the same to be reserved from a date fixed by such notification.

(2) From the date so fixed such forest shall be deemed to be a reserved forest.

18. Rights in respect of which no claim has been preferred under section 6 and of the existence of which no knowledge has been acquired by inquiry under section 8 shall

thereupon be extinguished, unless, before the publication of such notification, the person claiming them has satisfied the Forest-settlement-officer that he had sufficient cause for not preferring such claim within the period fixed under section 6.

19. The Deputy Commissioner of the district in which the forest is situated shall, before the date fixed by such notification, cause a translation thereof in the language of the country to be published in the manner prescribed for the proclamation under section 6.

20. The Local Government may, within five years from the publication of any notification under section 17, revise any arrangement made under section 13 or 16, and may rescind or modify any order made under this Chapter, and direct that any one of the proceedings specified in section 13 be taken in lieu of the other of such proceedings, or that a right admitted under section 12 be commuted in the manner mentioned in section 14.

21. No right of any description shall be acquired in or over a reserved forest, except by succession or under grant or contract in writing made by, or with the previous sanction of, the Governor General in Council, or some person in whom such right, or the power to create such right, was vested when the notification under section 17 was published.

22. (1) Notwithstanding anything herein contained no right continued under section 13 shall be alienated by way of grant, sale, lease, mortgage or otherwise without the previous sanction of the Local Government:

Provided that, when any such right is continued for the beneficial enjoyment of any land or building, it may be sold or otherwise alienated with such land or building without such sanction.

(2) The benefit of any right continued under section 13 shall not be leased, sold or bartered except to the extent defined by the order recorded under that section.

23. Any Forest-officer may, from time to time, with the previous sanction of the Local Government or of a Forest-officer or other officer authorised by the Local Government in this behalf, stop any public or private way or watercourse in a reserved forest:

Provided that for the way or watercourse so stopped another way or watercourse which, in the opinion of the Local Government, is equally convenient already exists or has been provided or constructed by the Forest-officer stopping the way or watercourse.

*The Assam Forest Regulation, 1891.**(Chapter II.—Reserved Forests.—Sections 24-28. Chapter III.—Village Forests.—Sections 29-30.)*

Penalties for trespass
or damage in reserved
forests.

24. Any person who in
a reserved forest—

- (a) trespasses, or pastures cattle, or permits cattle to trespass, or
- (b) causes any damage by negligence in felling any tree or cutting or dragging any timber, or
- (c) poisons water or, in contravention of any rules made by the Local Government, hunts, shoots, fishes or sets traps or snares,

shall be punished with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, or, when the damage resulting from his offence amounts to more than twenty-five rupees, to double the amount of such damage.

Acts prohibited in
such forests.

25. Any person who—

- (a) makes any fresh clearing prohibited by section 7, or
- (b) sets fire to a reserved forest, or, in contravention of any rules made by the Local Government, kindles any fire, or leaves any fire burning, in such manner as to endanger such a forest, or who, in any such forest,—
- (c) kindles, keeps or carries any fire except at such seasons and in such manner as a Forest-officer specially empowered in this behalf may from time to time notify, or
- (d) fells, cuts, girdles, marks, lops, taps or injures by fire or otherwise any tree, or
- (e) quarries stone, burns lime or charcoal, or collects, subjects to any manufacturing process or removes any forest-produce, or
- (f) clears or breaks up any land for cultivation or any other purpose,

shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees, or with both.

26. Nothing in section 24 or section 25
Acts excepted from shall be deemed to prohibit—
sections 24 and 25.

- (a) any practice of jhum-cultivation permitted under section 10, or
- (b) the exercise, in accordance with the rules, if any, made by the Local Government under section 13, of any right continued under that section, or
- (c) the exercise of any right created by grant or contract in the manner described in section 21, or

(d) any act done with the permission in writing of a Forest-officer specially empowered to grant such permission.

27. Whenever fire is caused wilfully or by gross negligence in a reserved forest by any person having rights in such forest or permission to practise jhum-cultivation therein, or by any person in his employment, or whenever any person having rights in such forest contravenes the provisions of section 22, the Local Government may, notwithstanding the infliction of any punishment under this Regulation, direct that in such forest, or any specified portion thereof, the exercise of all or any of the rights of pasture or to forest-produce shall be extinguished, or for such period as it thinks fit be suspended, and, with respect to the practice of jhum-cultivation, may take such action under section 10, sub-section (4), as may seem to it to be proper.

28. (1) The Local Government, with the Power to declare previous sanction of the forests no longer reserved. Governor General in Council, may, by notification in the official Gazette, direct that, from a date to be fixed by such notification, any forest, or any portion thereof, reserved under this Regulation shall cease to be reserved.

(2) From the date so fixed such forest or portion shall cease to be reserved, but the rights, if any, which have been extinguished therein shall not revive in consequence of such cessation.

CHAPTER III.

VILLAGE-FORESTS.

29. (1) The Local Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, constitute any land at the disposal of the Government a village-forest for the benefit of any village-community or group of village-communities, and may in like manner vary or cancel any such notification.

(2) Every such notification shall specify the limits of such village-forest.

30. (1) The Local Government may make Power to make rules rules for regulating the management of village-forests, prescribing the conditions under which the community or group of communities for the benefit of which any such forest is constituted may be provided with forest-produce or with pasture, and their duties in respect of the protection and improvement of such forest.

(2) The Local Government may by such rules declare any of the provisions of Chapter II of this Regulation to be applicable to village-forests.

The Assam Forest Regulation, 1891.

.. (Chapter III.—Village-forests.—Section 31. Chapter IV.—General Protection of Forests and Forest-produce.—Sections 32-36. Chapter V.—Duty on imported Forest produce.—Sections 37-38.)

31. All claims to any rights other than the Inquiry into, and rights of the village-community or group of village-communities for the benefit of which such village-forest is constituted shall be inquired into, recorded and provided for in the manner prescribed by Chapter II of this Regulation.

CHAPTER IV.

GENERAL PROTECTION OF FORESTS AND FOREST-PRODUCE.

32. The Local Government may, by notification in the official Gazette,—
Reserved trees in unsettled tracts.

(a) declare that any trees or any specified class of trees standing on any land at the disposal of the Government shall, from a date to be fixed by such notification, be reserved trees;

(b) vary or cancel any such notification.

33. No person shall fell, cut, girdle, mark, lop, tap or injure by fire or otherwise any reserved tree, except in accordance with rules made by the Local Government in this behalf or as provided by the last section of this Chapter.

34. (1) No person shall make use of any forest-produce of any land at the disposal of the Government, except in accordance with rules to be made by the Local Government in this behalf, or as provided by the last section of this Chapter.

(2) Such rules may, with respect to such land,—

(a) regulate or prohibit the cutting of jhums or the issue of grants or leases on behalf of the Government;

(b) regulate or prohibit the kindling of fires, and prescribe the precautions to be taken to prevent the spreading of fires;

(c) regulate or prohibit the felling, cutting, girdling, marking, lopping, tapping or injuring by fire or otherwise of any trees, the sawing, conversion and removal of timber, and the collection and removal of other forest-produce;

(d) regulate or prohibit the quarrying of stone, the boiling of catechu or the burning of lime or charcoal;

(e) regulate or prohibit the cutting of grass and pasturing of cattle, and regulate the payments, if any, to be made for such cutting or pasturing;

(f) prohibit the poisoning of water, and regulate or prohibit hunting, shooting and fishing, and the setting of traps or snares;

(g) regulate the sale or free grant of forest-produce; and

(h) prescribe, or authorise any Forest-officer to prescribe, subject to the control of the Local Government, the fees, royalties or other payments for forest-produce, and the manner in which such fees, royalties or other payments are to be levied, whether in transit, or partly in transit or otherwise.

(2) The Local Government may exempt any person or class of persons, or any local area, from the operation of any such rule, and may cancel such exemption.

35. (1) If any person infringes the provisions of section 33, he shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees, or with both.

(2) The Local Government may, by a rule under section 34, attach to the breach of any rule under that section any punishment not exceeding that mentioned in sub-section (1).

36. Nothing in this Chapter, or in any rule under this Chapter, shall be deemed to prohibit any act done in the exercise of any right or with the permission in writing of a Forest-officer specially empowered to grant such permission.

CHAPTER V.

DUTY ON IMPORTED FOREST-PRODUCE.

37. (1) The Local Government may, with power to impose the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, levy a duty, in such manner, at such places and at such rates as it may prescribe by notification in the official Gazette, on all forest-produce which is brought into the territories to which this Regulation extends from any place beyond those territories.

(2) In every case in which such duty is directed to be levied *ad valorem*, the Local Government may, by like notification, determine the manner in which the value is to be ascertained.

38. The Local Government may exempt any forest-produce from the duty to which it is liable under the last foregoing section, and revoke such exemption.

The Assam Forest Regulation, 1891.

(Chapter V.—Duty on imported Forest-produce.—Section 39. Chapter VI.—Control of Forest-produce in Transit.—Sections 40-41.)

39. Nothing in this Chapter shall be deemed to limit the amount, if any, chargeable as purchase-money or royalty in respect of any forest-produce.

Provisions of Chapter not to limit purchase-money or royalty.

CHAPTER VI.

CONTROL OF FOREST-PRODUCE IN TRANSIT.

40. (1) The control of all rivers and their banks as regards the floating of timber, as well as the control of all forest-produce in transit by land or water, is vested in the Local Government, and that Government may make rules to regulate the transit of any forest-produce.

Power to make rules to regulate transit of forest-produce.

(2) Such rules may, among other matters,—

- (a) prescribe the routes by which alone forest-produce may be imported into, exported from or moved within the territories to which this Regulation extends;
- (b) prohibit the import, export, collection or moving of forest produce without a pass from an officer authorised to issue the same, or otherwise than in accordance with the conditions of such pass;
- (c) provide for the issue, production and return of such passes;
- (d) fix, or authorise any Forest-officer subject to the control of the Local Government, to fix, the fees payable for such passes;
- (e) in the case of timber formed into a raft or fastened to the shore, prohibit the loosening or the setting adrift of such timber by any person not the owner thereof or not acting on behalf of such owner or of the Government;
- (f) provide for the stoppage, reporting, examination and marking of forest-produce in transit, in respect of which there is reason to believe that any money is payable to the Government, or to which it is desirable, for the purposes of this Regulation, to affix a mark;
- (g) establish revenue-stations to which forest-produce is to be taken by the persons in charge of it for examination, or for the realization of such money, or in order that such mark may be affixed to it, and prescribe, or authorise a Forest-officer subject to such control as aforesaid to prescribe, the conditions under which forest-produce is to be brought to,

stored at and removed from such revenue-stations;

- (h) provide for the management and control of such revenue-stations, and for regulating the appointment and duties of persons employed thereat;
- (i) authorise the transport of timber across any land, and provide for the award and payment of compensation for any damage done by the transport of such timber;
- (j) prohibit the closing up or obstruction of the channel or banks of any river used for the transit of forest-produce, and the throwing of grass, brushwood, branches or leaves into any such river, or any other act which tends to cause the obstruction of such channel;
- (k) provide for the prevention and removal of any obstruction in the channel or on the banks of any such river, and for recovering the cost of such prevention or removal from the person causing such obstruction;
- (l) prohibit absolutely, or subject to conditions, within specified local limits, the establishment of sawpits, the converting, cutting, burning, concealing, marking or supermarking of timber, the altering or effacing of any marks on the same, and possession or carrying of marking-hammers or other implements used for marking timber; and
- (m) regulate the use of property-marks for timber and the registration of such marks, authorise the refusal or cancellation of the registration of any property-marks, prescribe the time for which the registration of property-marks is to hold good, limit the number of such marks which may be registered by any one person, and provide for the levy of fees for such registration.

(3) The Local Government may direct that any rule made under this section shall not apply to any specified class of timber or other forest-produce or to any specified local area.

41. (1) The Local Government may, by a rule under the last foregoing section, attach to the breach of any rule under that section any punishment not exceeding imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or fine which may extend to five hundred rupees, or both.

Penalties for breach of rules under the last foregoing section.

(2) In cases where the offence is committed after sunset and before sunrise or after preparation for resistance to the execution of any law or any legal process, or where the offender has been previously convicted of a like offence, the convicting Court may inflict double the penalty prescribed for such offence.

The Assam Forest Regulation, 1891.

... (Chapter VI.—Control of Forest-produce in Transit.—Section 42. Chapter VII.—Collection of Drift, Stranded and other Timber.—Sections 43-48.)

42. In case of any accident or emergency involving danger to any property at a revenue-station established under a rule made under section 40, every person employed at such revenue-station, whether by the Government or by any private person, shall render assistance to any Forest-officer or Police-officer demanding his aid in averting such danger and securing such property from damage or loss.

within a period not less than one month from the date on which such notice is given, a written statement of such claim.

45. (1) When any such statement is presented Procedure on claim as aforesaid, the Forest-officer may, after making such inquiry as he thinks fit, either reject the claim after recording his reasons for so doing or deliver the timber to the claimant.

(2) If such timber is claimed by more than one person, the forest-officer may either deliver the same to any of such persons whom he deems entitled thereto, or may refer the claimants to the Civil Court and retain the timber pending the receipt of an order from such Court for its disposal.

(3) Any person whose claim has been rejected under this section may within three months from the date of such rejection institute a suit to recover possession of the timber claimed by him, but no person shall recover any compensation against the Government or against any Forest-officer on account of such rejection, or the detention or removal of any timber or the delivery thereof to any other person under this section.

(4) No such timber shall be subject to process of any Civil Court until it has been delivered or a suit brought under this section has been decided.

46. Where no statement is presented in the Disposal of unclaimed timber. manner and within the period prescribed by notice issued under section 44, or, where such statement having been so presented and the claim rejected, the claimant omits to institute a suit to recover possession of such timber within the further period mentioned in section 45, the ownership of such timber shall vest in the Government free from all incumbrances or, when such timber has been delivered to another person under section 45, in such other person free from all incumbrances not created by him.

47. No person shall be entitled to recover Payments to be made by claimant before timber is delivered to him. possession of any timber collected or delivered as aforesaid until such sum as may be due for salving, collecting, moving, storing and disposing of the timber has been paid by him to the Forest-officer or other person entitled to receive the sum.

48. (1) The Local Government may make Power to make rules and prescribe penalties. rules to regulate the following matters, namely:—

- (a) the salving, collection and disposal of all timber mentioned in section 43;
- (b) the use and registration of boats used in salving and collecting timber;
- (c) the amount to be paid for salving, collecting, moving, storing and disposing of such timber; and

CHAPTER VII.

COLLECTION OF DRIFT, STRANDED AND OTHER
TIMBER.

Certain kinds of timber to be deemed the property of the Government until title thereto proved.

43. (1) Timber falling under any of the following descriptions, namely:—

- (a) timber found adrift, beached, stranded or sunk,
- (b) timber bearing marks which have not been registered under rules made under section 40,
- (c) timber which has been supermarked, or on which marks have been obliterated, altered or defaced by fire or otherwise, and
- (d) in such areas as the Local Government directs, all unmarked timber,

shall be deemed to be the property of the Government unless and until any person establishes his right thereto as provided in this Chapter.

(2) Such timber may be collected by any Forest-officer or other person entitled to collect the same, and may be brought to such stations as a Forest-officer specially empowered in this behalf may from time to time notify as stations for the reception of drift timber.

(3) The Local Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, exempt any class of timber from the provisions of this section and withdraw such exemption.

44. (1) Public notice shall from time to time, Notice to claimants as occasion may require, be given by a Forest-officer specially empowered in this behalf of timber collected under the last foregoing section.

(2) Such notice shall contain a description of the timber, and shall require any person claiming the same to present to such officer,

*The Assam Forest Regulation, 1891.**(Chapter VIII.—Penalties and Procedure.—Sections 49-57.)*

(d) the use and registration of hammers and other implements to be used for marking such timber.

(2) The Local Government may, by a rule under this section, attach to the breach of any rule under this section any punishment not exceeding imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or fine which may extend to five hundred rupees, or both.

CHAPTER VIII.

PENALTIES AND PROCEDURE.

49. (1) When there is reason to believe that a forest-offence has been committed in respect of any forest-produce, such produce, together with all tools, boats, carts and cattle used in the commission of such alleged offence, may be seized by any Forest-officer or Police-officer.

(2) Every officer seizing any property under this section shall place on such property, or the receptacle, if any, in which it is contained, a mark indicating that the same has been so seized, and shall, as soon as may be, make a report of such seizure to the Magistrate having jurisdiction to try the person accused of the offence on account of which the seizure has been made:

Provided that, when the forest-produce with respect to which such offence is believed to have been committed is the property of the Government and the offender is unknown, it shall be sufficient if the officer makes, as soon as may be, a report of the circumstances to his official superior.

50. Upon the receipt of any such report, the Magistrate shall take such measures as may be necessary for the trial of the accused and the disposal of the property according to law.

51. (1) When any person is convicted of a forest-offence, all forest-produce which is not the property of the Government, and in respect of which such offence has been committed, and all tools, boats, carts and cattle used in the commission of such offence, shall be liable by order of the convicting Court to confiscation.

(2) Such confiscation may be in addition to any other punishment prescribed for such offence.

52. When the trial of any forest-offence is concluded, any forest-produce in respect of which such offence has been committed shall, if it is the property of the Government

or has been confiscated, be taken possession of by a Forest-officer specially empowered in this behalf, and, in any other case, shall be disposed of in such manner as the Court may order.

53. (1) When the offender is not known or cannot be found, the Magistrate enquiring into the offence, if he finds that an offence has been committed, may, on application in this behalf, order the property in respect of which the offence has been committed to be confiscated and taken possession of by a Forest-officer specially empowered in this behalf, or to be made over to such Forest-officer or other person as the Magistrate may consider entitled to the same:

Provided that no such order shall be made till the expiration of one month from the date of the seizure of such property, or without hearing the person, if any, claiming any right thereto, and the evidence, if any, which he may produce in support of his claim.

(2) The Magistrate shall either cause a notice of any application under sub-section (1) to be served upon any person whom he has reason to believe to be interested in the property seized, or publish such notice in any way which he may think fit.

54. The Magistrate may, notwithstanding anything hereinbefore contained, direct the sale of any property seized under section 49 and subject to speedy and natural decay, and may deal with the proceeds as he might have dealt with such property if it had not been sold.

55. Any person claiming to be interested in property seized under section 49 may, within one month from the date of any order passed by a Magistrate under section 51, section 52 or section 53, present an appeal therefrom to the Court to which orders made by such Magistrate are ordinarily appealable, and the order passed on such appeal shall be final.

56. When an order for the confiscation of any property has been passed under section 51 or section 53, and the period limited by section 55 for presenting an appeal from such order has elapsed, and no such appeal has been presented, or when, on such an appeal being presented, the Appellate Court confirms such order in respect of the whole or a portion of such property, such property or portion, as the case may be, shall vest in the Government free from all incumbrances.

57. Nothing hereinbefore contained shall be deemed to prevent any Forest-officer or other

*The Assam Forest Regulation, 1891.**(Chapter VIII.—Penalties and Procedure.—Sections 58-64.)*

officer empowered in this behalf by the Local Government from directing at any time the immediate release of any property seized under section 49 which is not the property of the Government and the withdrawal of any charge made in respect of such property.

58. (1) Any Forest-officer or Police-officer Punishment for who vexatiously and unnecessarily seizes any property on pretence of seizing property liable to confiscation under this Regulation shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees, or with both.

(2) Any fine so imposed, or any portion thereof, shall, if the convicting Court so direct, be given as compensation to the person aggrieved by such seizure.

59. Whoever, with intent to cause damage or injury to the public or to any person, or to cause wrongful gain as defined in the Indian Penal Code,—

XLV of 1860.

(a) knowingly counterfeits upon any tree or timber a mark used by Forest-officers to indicate that such tree or timber is the property of the Government or of some person, or that it may lawfully be felled or removed by some person, or

(b) unlawfully affixes to any tree or timber a mark used by Forest-officers, or

(c) alters, defaces or obliterates any such mark placed on any tree or timber by or under the authority of a Forest-officer, or

(d) alters, moves, destroys or defaces any boundary-mark of any forest or waste land to which any provisions of this Regulation apply,

shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to two years, or with fine, or with both.

60. (1) Any Forest-officer or Police-officer Power to arrest without warrant. may, without orders from a Magistrate and without a warrant, arrest any person reasonably suspected of having been concerned in any forest-offence punishable with imprisonment for one month or upwards, if such person refuses to give his name and residence, or gives a name or residence which there is reason to believe to be false, or if there is reason to believe that he will abscond.

(2) Every officer making an arrest under this section shall, without unnecessary delay, take or send the person arrested before a Magistrate having jurisdiction in the case or to the officer in charge of the nearest police-station.

61. It shall be the duty of every Forest-officer Power to prevent and Police-officer to prevent commission of offence. and any such officer may interfere for the purpose of preventing, the commission of any forest offence.

62. (1) The Local Government may, by Power to compound notification in the official Gazette, empower a Forest-officer by name, or as holding an office,—

(a) to accept from any person against whom a reasonable suspicion exists that he has committed any forest-offence, other than an offence specified in section 58 or section 59, a sum of money by way of compensation for the offence which such person is suspected to have committed; and,

(b) when any property has been seized as liable to confiscation, to release the same on payment of the value thereof as estimated by such officer.

(2) On the payment of such sum of money, or such value, or both, as the case may be, to such officer, the suspected person, if in custody, shall be discharged, the property, if any, seized shall be released, and no further proceedings shall be taken against such person or property.

(3) No Forest-officer shall be empowered under this section unless he is a Forest-officer of a rank not inferior to that of a Forest-ranger, and is in receipt of a monthly salary amounting to at least one hundred rupees: and the sum of money accepted as compensation under sub-section (1), clause (a), shall in no case exceed the sum of fifty rupees.

63. When in any proceedings taken under this Regulation, or in consequence of anything done under this Regulation, a question arises as to whether any forest-produce is the property of the Government, such produce shall be presumed to be the property of the Government until the contrary is proved.

64. (1) When any person is convicted of felling, cutting, girdling, marking, lopping or tapping trees or of injuring them by fire or otherwise, in contravention of this Regulation or of any rule thereunder, the convicting Court may, in addition to any other punishment which it may award, order that person to pay to the Government such compensation, not exceeding ten rupees for each tree with respect to which the offence was committed, as it may deem just.

(2) If the person convicted of the offence committed it as the agent or servant of another person, the convicting Court may, unless after hearing that other person it is satisfied that the commission of the offence was not a consequence of his instigation, or of any neglect or default on his part, order him, instead of the person who committed the offence, to pay the compensation referred to in sub-section (1).

(3) An appeal from any order under sub-section (1) or sub-section (2) shall lie to the Court to which orders made by the convicting Court are ordinarily appealable, and the order passed on such appeal shall be final.

The Assam Forest Regulation, 1891.

(Chapter VIII.—Penalties and Procedure.—Section 65. Chapter IX.—Cattle-trespass.—Sections 66-67. Chapter X.—Forest-officers.—Sections 68-71. Chapter XI.—Supplemental Provisions.—Section 72.)

65. When the holder of any lease, license or contract whatsoever granted or continued by or on behalf of the Government for any of the purposes of this Regulation commits an offence against this Regulation or any rule thereunder, or when any such offence is committed by any agent or servant of the holder of any such lease, license or contract, and the Local Government is satisfied that the commission of the offence was a consequence of the instigation of such holder or of any neglect or default on his part, the Local Government may, by order in writing, declare the lease, license or contract to be forfeited in whole or in part with effect on and from a date to be specified in the order not being prior to the date of the commission of the offence.

CHAPTER IX.

CATTLE-TRESPASS.

66. Cattle trespassing in a reserved forest or in a village-forest shall be deemed to be cattle doing damage to a public plantation within the meaning of section 11 of the Cattle-trespass Act, 1871, and may be seized and impounded as such by any Forest-officer or Police-officer.

67. The Local Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, direct that, in lieu of the fines fixed by section 12 of the Act last aforesaid, there shall be levied for each head of cattle impounded under section 66 of this Regulation such fines as it thinks fit, but not exceeding the following, namely:—

	R a. p.
For each elephant	10 0 0
For each buffalo	2 0 0
For each horse, mare, gelding, pony, colt, filly, mule, bull, bullock, cow or heifer	1 0 0
For each calf, ass, pig, ram, ewe, sheep, lamb, goat or kid	0 8 0

CHAPTER X.

FOREST-OFFICERS.

68. (1) The Local Government may invest any Forest-officer by name, or as holding an office, with all or any of the following powers, namely:—

- (a) power to enter upon any land and to survey, demarcate and make a map of the same;
- (b) the powers of a Civil Court to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of documents;

(c) power to issue search-warrants under the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882; X of 1882.

(d) power to hold inquiries into forest-offences, and in the course of such inquiries to receive and record evidence;

(e) power to notify the seasons and manner in which fire may be kindled, kept or carried in a reserved forest;

(f) power to grant any permission referred to in sections 26 and 36;

(g) power to notify stations for the reception of drift timber;

(h) power to give public notice of timber collected under section 43;

(i) power to take possession of property under this Regulation;

(j) power to direct the release of property or withdrawal of charges;

and may withdraw any power so conferred.

(2) Any evidence recorded under clause (d) of sub-section (1) shall be admissible in any subsequent trial before a Magistrate of the alleged offender:

Provided that it has been taken in the presence of the accused person and recorded in the manner provided by section 355, section 356 or section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882.

69. All Forest-officers shall be deemed to be public servants within the meaning of the Indian Penal Code.

XLV of 1860.

70. No suit or criminal prosecution shall lie against any public servant for anything done or omitted by him in good faith under this Regulation.

71. No Forest-officer shall, as principal or agent, trade in forest-produce, or be or become interested in any lease or mortgage of any forest, or in any contract for working any forest, whether in British or foreign territory.

CHAPTER XI.

SUPPLEMENTAL PROVISIONS.

72. The Local Government may make rules consistent with this Regulation—

(a) to declare by what Forest-officer or class of Forest-officers the powers or duties conferred or imposed by or under this Regulation on a Forest-officer are to be exercised or performed;

(b) to regulate the procedure of Forest-settlement-officers;

*The Assam Forest Regulation, 1891.**(Chapter XI.—Supplemental Provisions.—Sections 73-79.)*

- (c) to regulate the rewards to be paid to officers and informers from the proceeds of fines and confiscations under this Regulation or from the public treasury; and,

- (d) generally, to carry out the provisions of this Regulation.

73. All rules made by the Local Government Rules when to have under this Regulation shall force of law. be published in the official Gazette, and shall thereupon have the force of law.

74. Every person who exercises any right in a reserved forest or village-forest, or who is permitted to remove any forest-produce from, or to pasture cattle or practise jhum-cultivation in, such forest; and

every person who is employed by such person in such forest, and every person in any village contiguous to such forest who is employed by the Government, or who receives emoluments from the Government for services to be performed to the community,

shall be bound to furnish, without unnecessary delay, to the nearest Forest-officer or Police-officer any information which he may possess respecting the occurrence of a fire in or near such forest, or the commission of, or intention to commit, any forest-offence, and shall assist any Forest-officer or Police-officer demanding his aid—

- (a) in extinguishing any fire occurring in such forest;
- (b) in preventing any fire which may occur in the vicinity of such forest from spreading to such forest;
- (c) in preventing the commission in such forest of any forest-offence; and,
- (d) when there is reason to believe that any such offence has been committed in such forest, in discovering and arresting the offender.

75. All money, other than fines, payable to the Government under this Regulation, or under any rule made thereunder, or on account of the price of any forest-produce, or of expenses incurred in the execution of this Regulation in respect of any forest-produce, may, if not paid when due, be recovered under the law for the time being in force as if it were an arrear of land-revenue.

76. (1) When any such money is payable for, or in respect of, any forest-produce, the amount thereof shall be deemed to be, a first charge on such produce, and such produce may be taken possession of by a Forest-officer specially empowered

in this behalf and may be retained by him until such amount has been paid.

(2) If such amount is not paid when due, such Forest-officer may sell such produce by public auction, and the proceeds of the sale shall be applied first in discharging such amount.

(3) The surplus, if any, if not claimed within two months from the date of the sale by the person entitled thereto, shall be forfeited to the Government.

77. The Government shall not be responsible for any loss or damage which may occur in respect of any forest-produce while at a revenue-station established under a rule made under section 40, or while detained elsewhere for the purposes of this Regulation, or in respect of any timber collected under section 43; and no Forest-officer shall be responsible for any such loss or damage unless he shall have caused the same negligently, maliciously or fraudulently.

78. Whenever it appears to the Local Government that any land is required for any of the purposes of this Regulation, such land shall be deemed to be needed for a public purpose within the meaning of section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1870.

X of 18

79. When any person, in compliance with any rule under this Regulation, binds himself by any instrument to perform any duty or act, or covenants by any instrument that he, or that he and his servants and agents, will abstain from any act, the whole sum mentioned in such instrument as the amount to be paid in case of a breach of the conditions thereof may, notwithstanding anything in section 74 of the Indian Contract Act, 1872, be recovered from him in case of such breach as if it were an arrear of land-revenue.

The 1st January, 1892.

No. 1.—His Excellency the Governor General under the authority vested in him by the Statute 24 and 25 Vict., Cap. 67, Section 10, has been pleased to nominate Sir John Edgar, K.C.I.E., C.S.I., to be an Additional Member of the Council of the Governor General for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations.

No. 2.—His Excellency the Governor General under the authority vested in him by the Statute 24 and 25 Vict., Cap. 67, Section 10, has been pleased to nominate Mr. Palli Chentsal Rao Pantulu, C.I.E., to be an Additional Member of the Council of the Governor General for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations.

S. HARVEY JAMES,

Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

PUBLIC.

Calcutta, the 31st December, 1891.

No. 2069.—The Governor General in Council hereby notifies that on the following days during

• Notification dated the 1892, which are not declared* by the Government of Bengal to be "public holidays" under section 25 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881, the Offices directly subordinate to the Government of India at Calcutta, with the exception of—

(1) the Office of Issue of the Paper Currency Department,

(2) the Office of the Comptroller and Auditor General,

shall be closed:—

I.—Muhammadan Holidays.

IDUL-FITR—On the 29th April, or, if the moon be not visible on the 28th April, on the 30th April.

IDUZ-ZUHA—On the 5th July, or, if the moon be not visible on the 25th June, on the 6th July.

MUHARRAM—On the 3rd and 4th August, or, if the moon be not visible on the 25th July, on the 4th and 5th August.

FATRA-E-DU'EDANUM—On the 4th October, or, if the moon be not visible on the 22nd September, on the 5th October.

II.—Hindu Holidays.

DURGA AND LAKSHI PUJAS—On the 26th and 27th September and the 3rd, 4th, and 7th October.

III.—Other Holidays.

The second day following Christmas Day—27th December.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

The 31st December, 1891.

No. 606.—Mr. J. B. Worgan has been permitted to resign Her Majesty's Indian Civil Service, with effect from the 16th December, 1891.

No. 610.—The Governor General in Council has been pleased, in accordance with the rules issued under section 6 of the Statute 33 Vict., Cap. 3, to confirm Abdul Ghafur Khan, of Zaida, in the office of Assistant Commissioner to which he was nominated by the Government of the Punjab.

No. 614.—Mr. W. Young, C.S.I., has been permitted to resign Her Majesty's Indian Civil Service, with effect from the 16th December, 1891.

MEDICAL.

The 31st December, 1891.

No. 812.—Surgeon J. B. Gibbons, Officiating Professor of Physiology, Medical College, Calcutta, has obtained furlough on medical certificate for 12 months, with effect from the 22nd October, 1891.

SANITARY.

The 30th December, 1891.

No. 389.—The rules imposing quarantine against cholera at Aden, Perim, and the Somali Coast on arrivals from the ports of the Hedjaz from Yambo to Leith, have been withdrawn except as regards vessels carrying masses of troops or pilgrims.

JUDICIAL.

The 30th December 1891.

No. 1730.—In accordance with the provisions of sub-section (4) of section 18 of the Indian Factories Act, 1881, as amended by Act XI of 1891, the Governor General in Council is pleased to publish for general information the following rule which His Excellency in Council proposes to make in exercise of the power conferred by clause (2), section 18, of the said Act. The draft will be taken into consideration on the expiration of two months from the date of publication of this Notification in the *Gazette of India*:—

Every occupier of a factory shall furnish to the Magistrate of the District or, if the factory is situate within the limits of a Presidency town, to the Special Inspector of Factories

or other officer designated in this behalf by the Local Government, the undermentioned returns on or before the dates specified against each :—

I.—On or before the 15th July and the 15th January, respectively, a half-yearly return relating to the first and second half of each calendar year in the following form :—

Name and situation of factory.	Name of owner or occupier.	Name of manager.	Nature of industry.	Nature and amount of moving power.	AVERAGE DAILY NUMBER OF OPERATIVES EMPLOYED.				Whether the factory is worked by shifts or stoppages. If the latter, the hour and extent of daily stoppage.	Whether there is a general holiday on Sunday or on varying week days, or whether the factory has been exempted from the rule as to Sunday labour under section 5 B (1), clause (c), of the Act.	REMARKS.
					Adults.		Children.				
					Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.			

N.B.—The average daily number of children is to be taken from the register of children kept in the factory.

II.—On or before the 15th January of each year, an annual return in the following form regarding measurements and space :—

Name and situation of factory.	Name of occupier.	Measurements and cubical contents of each room in the factory.	Area of the floor-space of any room shown in the preceding column occupied by machinery or other fixtures.	REMARKS.

III.—Before the end of each calendar month, a return giving notice of all the days on which the factory will be closed during the ensuing month.

The 31st December, 1891.

No. 1735.—In exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (2) of section 5 (A) of the Indian Factories' Act, 1881, as amended by Act XI of 1891, the Governor General in Council is pleased to declare that the provisions of sub-section (1) of the same section shall not apply to the Calcutta and Bombay Mints.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

The 31st December, 1891.

No. 419.—With effect from the 21st December, 1891, or the subsequent date on which he assumed charge of his duties, the Reverend A. C. Pearson, a Senior Chaplain on the Bengal

Ecclesiastical Establishment, is appointed to be Chaplain of Nagpur.

No. 423.—The Reverend H. W. Griffith, a Junior Chaplain on the Bengal (Lahore) Ecclesiastical Establishment, to be Senior Chaplain, with effect from the 10th December, 1891.

EDUCATION.

The 1st January, 1892.

No. 1.—The Governor General in Council has been pleased to re-appoint the Honourable Dr. Gooroo Dass Banerjee, whose tenure of office has expired by effluxion of time, to be Vice-Chancellor of the University of Calcutta.

C. J. LYALL,

Secretary to the Government of India.

REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

EMIGRATION.

Calcutta, the 28th December 1891.

No. 2634—12.—The following draft of proposed amendments of and additions to the rules under the Indian Emigration Act (XXI of 1883) is published under Section 81 of that Act for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby, and notice is hereby given under that section that the draft will be taken into consideration by the Governor General in Council on the 2nd February 1892.

2. Any objection or suggestion which may be made by any person with respect to the draft before that date will be received and considered by the Governor General in Council.

Draft of proposed amendments under Schedules A and C.

(1) In Schedule A under the heading "Fire-Engines and Buckets," for the words "The number of fire-engines and fire-buckets to be carried in an emigrant ship shall be as follows," substitute the following:—"The number of fire-engines, whether worked by hand or steam, and fire-buckets to be carried in an emigrant ship shall be as follows, and in the case of fire-engines shall be exclusive of the steam-engine prescribed in Schedule C for the working of the distilling and steam-cooking apparatus."

(2) In the same schedule, for the paragraph under the heading "Pumps" substitute the following:—

"*Pumps.*—Three pumps shall be carried independently of other prescribed pumps, *vis.* one head pump, one stern pump drawing salt water for cleaning, washing decks, &c., and one hold pump with flexible hose for issuing fresh water on the upper deck."

(3) In Schedule C for paragraph 1, substitute the following:—"All condensers shall have a separate engine for working the circulating cold water pump; and this engine shall be worked exclusively for feeding the steam boiler, except in cases of fire breaking out on board, when it may be utilized for the extinguishing of fire in conjunction with the separate fire engines or pumps prescribed in Schedule A."

FORESTS.

The 29th December 1891.

No. 1348 F.—With reference to paragraph 12 of the Circular Resolution of this Department, No. 30 F., dated the 29th instant, the following appointments and transfers of Forest Officers are made in the interests of the public service:—

- Mr. E. E. Fernandez, late Deputy Director of the Forest School at Dehra Dûn (on deputation to the Baroda State), to be a Deputy Conservator of the 1st grade in Assam (*seconded*).
- Mr. J. T. Jellicoe, Deputy Conservator, 1st grade, Assam—to Burma.
- Mr. J. C. McDonell, Deputy Conservator, 1st grade, Punjab (on deputation to Kashmir)—to the Central Provinces (*seconded*).
- Mr. W. E. D'Arcy, Deputy Conservator, 3rd grade, Punjab—to Assam, as Deputy Conservator, 2nd grade, but to continue as Officiating Conservator of the Central Circle in the North-Western Provinces and Oudh.
- Mr. E. G. Chester, Deputy Conservator, 3rd grade, Andamans—to Bengal, as Deputy Conservator, 2nd grade.
- Mr. W. M. Green, Deputy Conservator, 3rd grade, Bengal—to Burma.
- Mr. A. J. Mein, Deputy Conservator, 3rd grade, Assam (on furlough)—to the Punjab.
- Mr. A. M. Reuther, Deputy Conservator, 4th grade, Punjab—to Assam.
- Mr. E. A. Down, Deputy Conservator, 4th grade (sub. *pro tem.* 3rd grade), Punjab—to the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, as Deputy Conservator, 4th grade (officiating 3rd grade).
- Mr. J. L. Pigot, Assistant Conservator, 1st grade (Deputy Conservator, 4th grade, sub. *pro tem.*), Punjab—to the Central Provinces, as Deputy Conservator, 4th grade, but to continue as Assistant Inspector General of Forests and Superintendent of Working-Plans (*seconded*).
- Mr. A. F. Gradon, Assistant Conservator, 2nd grade (officiating 1st grade), Central Provinces—to Burma, as Assistant Conservator, 1st grade, and officiating 4th grade Deputy Conservator, but to continue as Instructor at the Forest School (*seconded*).
- Mr. J. E. Barrett, Assistant Conservator, 2nd grade, Punjab—to Assam, as Assistant Conservator, 1st grade.
- Mr. C. P. Fisher, Assistant Conservator, 2nd grade, Assam—to the Punjab.

PATENTS.

The 29th December 1891.

No. 3168 P.—An application in respect of the under-mentioned invention has been filed, during the week ending 26th December 1891, under the provisions of Act V of 1888, in the Office of the Secretary appointed under the Inventions and Designs Act, 1888.

No. 337 of 1891.—Andrew Charles Guy Thomson, Engineer and Planter of Sagmoo Tea Estate, Nowgong, Assam, for improvements in machinery or apparatus for rolling

leaf, more especially tea leaf, and relates particularly to three cylinder machines such as Hawarth's Tea Leaf Roller.

The 30th December 1891.

No. 3174 P.—Specifications of the under-mentioned inventions have been filed, under the provisions of Act V of 1888, in the Office of the Secretary appointed under the Inventions and Designs Act, 1888. Copies have been sent to the Governments of Fort

St. George and Bombay, and the Chief Commissioner of Burma. A copy of every specification is open to public inspection, from 11 A.M. to 4 P.M., at the Office of the Secretary appointed under the Inventions and Designs Act, 1888, in the Imperial Secretariat Buildings, Government Place, West, Calcutta, upon payment of a fee of one Rupee. A certified copy of any specification will be given to any person requiring the same on payment of the expense of copying:—

No. 188 of 1890.—The Serrell Automatic Silk Reeling Company, Limited, of 34, Nicholas Lane, Lombard Street, London, E. C., and of 56, Rue de la Victoire, Paris, France, for improvements in devices for beating silk cocoons. (Filed 15th September 1891.)

No. 190 of 1890.—The Serrell Automatic Silk Reeling Company, Limited, of 34, Nicholas Lane, London, E. C., and of 56, Rue de la Victoire, Paris, France, for improvements in machines for beating silk cocoons. (Filed 15th September 1891.)

No. 306 of 1890.—Samuel Davis Keene, of 27, Somerset Street, Providence, in the State of Rhode Island, United

States of America, Engineer, for improved method or process of, and apparatus for, bleaching, dyeing or otherwise treating fibrous materials. (Filed 15th September 1891.)

No. 173 of 1891.—Andrew Hugh Bogle, Major-General, late Royal Artillery, of Victoria Street, Westminster, England, for improvements in, and relating to, apparatus for carrying loads on animals' backs, chiefly applicable for military purposes. (Filed 17th December 1891.)

No. 301 of 1891.—John Frederick Bradbury, of Parel, Bombay, India, Mill Manager, for improvements in carding engines. (Filed 21st December 1891.)

E. C. BUCK,

Secretary to the Government of India.

STAR OF INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Fort William, the 1st January 1892.

No. 1 S.I.

His Excellency the Grand Master of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India is pleased to announce that Her Majesty the Queen, Empress of India, has been graciously pleased to make the following appointments to the said Order:—

To be Companions.

THE HON'BLE JOHN WOODBURN, Indian Civil Service, Chief Secretary to the Government of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, and an Additional Member of the Council of the Governor-General for making Laws and Regulations.

WILLIAM LEE-WARNER, ESQ., Indian Civil Service, Secretary to the Government of Bombay in the Political Department.

By order of the Grand Master,

W. J. CUNINGHAM,
*for Secretary to the Most Exalted
Order of the Star of India.*

INDIAN EMPIRE.

NOTIFICATION.

Fort William, the 1st January 1892.

No. 1 I.E.

His Excellency the Grand Master of the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire is pleased to announce that Her Majesty the Queen, Empress of India, has been graciously pleased to make the following appointments to the said Order:—

To be a Knight Grand Commander.

HIS HIGHNESS MAHARAJ-ADHIRAJ SARDUL SINGH BAHADUR, Maharaja of Kishengarh in Rajputana.

To be a Knight Commander.

HIS EXCELLENCY ALI KULI KHAN MUKHBAR-UD-DAULA, C.I.E., Minister of Telegraphs in Persia.

To be Companions.

COLONEL JOHN CHARLES ARDAGH, C.B., Royal Engineers, Private Secretary to His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General.

FREDERIC CLENDON DAUKES, ESQ., Indian Civil Service, Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Assam.

RAJA RAMCHANDRA VITAL RAO SAHIB, Raja of Sandur in the Madras Presidency.

MAJOR HENRY PERCY POINGDESTRE LEIGH, Indian Staff Corps, Deputy Commissioner, Kohat.

RAJA GODE NARAYANA GAJAPATI RAO of Vizagapatam, Madras Presidency.

HERBERT HOPE RISLEY, ESQ., Indian Civil Service, Officiating Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Financial and Municipal Departments.

MUHAMMAD ABDULLA KHAN, BAHADUR, Honorary Magistrate, Isa Khel, Bannu District, Punjab.

JOSEPH BAMPFYLDE FULLER, ESQ., Indian Civil Service, Commissioner of Settlements and Agriculture, Central Provinces.

KHAN BAHADUR MIR GHULAM BABA of Surat.

HERBERT THIRKELL WHITE, ESQ., Indian Civil Service, Commissioner of a Division in Burma.

By order of the Grand Master,

W. J. CUNINGHAM,

*for Secretary to the Most Eminent
Order of the Indian Empire.*

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Fort William, the 1st January 1892.

No. 1 I.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Nawab Bahadur as a personal distinction upon:—

Nawab Sir Khwaja Abdul Ghani, K.C.S.I., of Dacca.

The Hon'ble Nawab Khwaja Ahsun Ullah, C.I.E., of Dacca, Additional Member of the Council of the Governor-General for making Laws and Regulations.

No. 2 I.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer upon Raja Gobind Lal Roy of Tajhuti in Rungpur the title of Raja Bahadur as a personal distinction.

No. 3 I.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Nawab on Nasir Ali Khan, son of the late Nawab Ali Raza Khan of Lahore.

No. 4 I.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer upon Maulvi Saiyid Amir Husain, C.I.E., Presidency Magistrate, Calcutta, the title of Nawab as a personal distinction.

No. 5 I.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer upon Babu Satis Chandra Pauré, Zamindar of Pakour in the Sonthal Parganas, the title of Raja as a personal distinction.

No. 6 I.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer upon Alexio Pinto, Deputy Collector in the Madras Presidency, the title of Dewan Bahadur as a personal distinction.

No. 7 I.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Khan Bahadur as a personal distinction upon:—

Maulvi Saiyid Muhammad Abu Saleh, Landholder of Gya.

Khan Sahib Khudadad Khan, Political Head Munshi in the Office of the Commissioner in Sind in the Bombay Presidency.

Nawabzada Shamsheer Ali Khan, Mandal, Chairman of the Municipal Committee of Karnal in the Punjab.

Fakir Saiyid Jamal-ud-din, late Extra Assistant Commissioner, Honorary Magistrate of Lahore in the Punjab.

Darya Khan, Nasiri, Camel Jemadar, Baluchistan.

No. 8 I.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Rai Bahadur as a personal distinction upon:—

Cherukupalli Suriyanarayana, Agency Head Clerk, Vizagapatam, in the Madras Presidency.

Baru Venkata Rana Norasu Pantula, Tahsildar of Golconda, Vizagapatam, in the Madras Presidency.

Babu Ishan Chandra Mitter, Government Pleader, Hooghly.

Babu Iswar Chandra Sil, Honorary Magistrate and Vice-Chairman of the Dacca Municipality.

Babu Bankim Chandra Chatterjee, late Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, 24-Parganas.

Babu Baij Nath Singh, Honorary Magistrate, Gya.

Chaudhri Raghunath Singh, Honorary Magistrate of Najafgarh in the District of Delhi in the Punjab.

Konganda Moodiah, of Napoklu in the Padinalknad Taluk in Coorg.

Cheppadira Somiah of Mercara in Coorg.

Munshi Hardyal Singh of Jodhpore in Rajputana.

Lalla Kishori Lall of Jodhpore in Rajputana.

Subadar-Major Bhagwan Singh, Upper Burma Military Police.

Sardar Rup Singh, Hakim-i-Ala, Kashmir.

No. 9 I.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Rao Bahadur as a personal distinction upon :—

Muthukarappa Arumugam Pillai, Tahsildar of the Ponneri Taluk in the District of Chingleput in the Madras Presidency.

C. Jambulingam Mudaliyar, Vice-President of the District Board of Cuddapa in the Madras Presidency.

Gunnoo Naidoo, Senior Hospital Assistant in the Bombay Presidency.

Dadoba Sakharam Shirvalkar, Sub-Engineer and Honorary Assistant Engineer in the Public Works Department in the Bombay Presidency.

No. 10 I.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Sardar Bahadur as a personal distinction upon :—

Sardar Harnam Singh, Honorary Magistrate of Kharar in the District of Umballa in the Punjab.

Baisakha Singh, late Inspector of Police in the Punjab.

No. 11 I.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Khan Sahib as a personal distinction upon :—

Massu Khan, Notkani, Inspector of Police in the District of Dera Ghazi Khan, in the Punjab.

Saiyid Mustafa Hossain, Honorary Magistrate of Faridabad in the District of Delhi in the Punjab.

Bahadur Khan of Dab in the District of Jhang in the Punjab.

Abdul Ghafur, Sub-Surveyor, Survey of India.

No. 12 I.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Rai Sahib as a personal distinction upon :—

Purfdit Diwan Chand of the Shahpur district in the Punjab.

Lala Hari Chand, Vice-President of the Municipal Committee of Multan in the Punjab.

Chaudhri Nathan Singh, Zaildar in the District of Delhi in the Punjab.

Babu Netai Chaund Chatterjee, Deputy Examiner, 2nd Grade, and Superintendent of the Commissariat Branch of the Military Accounts Department, Eastern Circle, Bengal.

Babu Mohendro Nath Chatterjee, Chief Clerk in the Office of the Commissary-General, Western Circle.

Lalla Jora Mull, Store-keeper, Bengal Commissariat Transport Department.

Babu Sreekristo Ghose, 1st Class Assistant in the Office of the Commissary-General, Eastern Circle.

No. 13 I.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Rao Sahib as a personal distinction upon:—

Mangesh Callian Shastri of the Commissariat Department in the Bombay Presidency.

Morarrao Kshirsagar, Inspector of the Bombay City Police.

Yesu Govind Nagwekar, late Chief Constable in the Ratnagiri District Police in the Bombay Presidency.

Raghunath Ramchandra Shirgaonkar of the Public Works Department under the Kolhapur Darbar in the Bombay Presidency.

Ellappa Balaram, Building Contractor in Bombay.

Nirbhe Singh Mandloi of Sohpur in the Hoshangabad district.

No. 14 I.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer upon Munshi Gurdit Singh, Mir Munshi and Native Assistant to the Agent to the Governor-General in Central India, the title of Sardar as a personal distinction.

No. 1 E.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer upon Maung Taing, Extra Assistant Commissioner, 3rd Grade, Zeyawadi township, Toungoo District, the title of Kyet Thaye Zaung Shwe Salwe Ya Min as a personal distinction.

No. 2 E.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer upon Maung Myat Tha, Inspector of Police, Myingyan, the title of Thuye Gaung Ngwe Da Ya Min as a personal distinction.

No. 3 E.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer upon Maung Ba Bwa, Myook, 4th Grade, Monywa township, the title of Ahmudan Gaung Tazeik Ya Min as a personal distinction.

W. J. CUNINGHAM,
Deputy Secretary to the Government of India.

The 30th December, 1891.

- No. 1839-G.**—The general leave in India for four and a half months granted in Foreign Department notification, No. 1169-G., dated the 6th August, 1891, to Surgeon-Major J. Duke, Indian Medical Service (Bengal), Medical Officer of the Malwa Bhil Corps and of the Bhopawar Political Agency, is extended by twelve days.

The 31st December, 1891.

No. 1842-G.—Lieutenant H. L. Goodenough, Staff Corps, Officiating Wing Officer and Adjutant, Deoli Irregular Force, is appointed to be Station Staff Officer at Deoli, in addition to his other duties, with effect from the 21st November, 1891, *vice* Lieutenant A. R. Barwell.

No. 5088-I.—In continuation of the Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 1144 I., dated the 22nd March, 1888, as modified by the Notification in the same Department, No. 2065-I., dated the 22nd May, 1889, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to invest the Superintendent of Railway Police in the Hyderabad State with the jurisdiction of a Court of Small Causes within the railway lands in His Highness the Nizam's territory, other than the railway lands referred to in the Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 4564 I., dated the 18th November, 1891, for the trial of all suits cognizable under Act IX of 1887 when the amount or value of the subject-matter does not exceed fifty rupees.

The 1st January, 1892.

No. 15-I.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 4 and 5 of the Foreign Jurisdiction and Extradition Act (XXI of 1879), and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor General in Council is pleased to apply to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts the provisions of the Repealing and Amending Act (XII of 1891) so far as they affect the Indian Registration Act, (III of 1877) as applied to those Districts.

H. M. DURAND,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE. STORES.

Calcutta, the 30th December, 1891.

No. 5178.—ERRATUM.—In clause IV of paragraph 5 of Resolution No. 2650, dated 25th June, 1891, for the sentence—

“To ensure this, however, the contracts should also provide for the employment of steel in the majority of cases in preference to wrought-iron, and it should be insisted that Siemens, Martin or Bessemer steel of English make should be used, and the use of Basic steel and of foreign steel or iron in any form should be prohibited.”

read—

“To ensure this, however, the contracts should also provide for the employment of steel in the majority of cases in preference to wrought-iron, and the specification should stipulate for steel made in England by approved makers and by an approved process.”

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

The 1st January, 1892.

No. 5222.—The services of Mr. R. N. Ray, Officiating Deputy Comptroller General, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Foreign Department, with effect from the 28th December, 1891.

J. F. FINLAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Fort William, the 1st January, 1892.

APPOINTMENTS.

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

No. 1.—The following promotions are made *vice* Major E. J. G. Lewis, S.C., Military Accountant, 1st class, who has retired from the service, with effect from the 2nd November, 1891:—

NAMES.	From	To	Date.
Major D. A. A. Macpherson	Military Accountant, 2nd class	Military Accountant, 1st class.	2nd November, 1891.
Captain W. J. B. Bird (seconded).	Ditto 3rd class	Ditto 2nd class.	
Major J. F. D. Fordyce	Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto.	
Captain J. G. Downing	Ditto 4th class	Ditto 3rd class.	
Bt. Major H. F. S. Ramsden (seconded).	Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class.	Ditto 4th "	
Captain H. E. Passy	Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto.	
Captain G. W. S. Fryer	Assistant Military Accountant, 2nd class.	Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class.	
Mr. F. Barrett	Assistant Military Accountant, 3rd class.	Assistant Military Accountant, 2nd class.	

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

No. 2.—The tenure of the appointment of Captain H. A. K. Jennings, Royal Artillery, Ordnance Officer, 3rd class, in the Ordnance Department in India, is extended for two years from 8th May, 1892.

STAFF CORPS.

No. 3.—Lieutenant Ernest Frederick Hood, South Wales Borderers, Officiating Wing Officer, 7th (The Duke of Connaught's Own) Regiment of Bengal Infantry, having completed 18 months' probationary service, is admitted to the Indian Staff Corps, from the 20th May, 1890, subject to confirmation by the Secretary of State for India.

NATIVE ARMY.

No. 4.—40th (Pathan) Regiment of Bengal Infantry—

The appointment of Ghulam Nakshband Khan as Subadar on probation, notified in G. G. O. No. 742 of 1891, is cancelled.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

No. 5.—The undermentioned officer is granted leave to proceed out of India on private affairs under the leave rules for the Staff Corps; the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty:—

Captain C. J. Corfield, Staff Corps, Deputy Assistant Commissary General, 1st class, for one year. Pension service—14th year commenced 4th December, 1891.

No. 6.—Mr. H. G. Norris, Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, Military Accounts Department, Superintendent, Office of Controller of Military Accounts, Western Circle, Bengal, is granted leave out of India (m. c.) for three months in extension of that allowed in G. G. O. No. 100 of 1891.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 7.—The following extracts are published for general information:—

"London Gazette," dated the 8th December, 1891, pages 6780 and 6781.

WAR OFFICE, PALM MALL
8th December, 1891.

* * * * *

MEMORANDA.

The undermentioned Deputy Assistant Commissaries of the Bengal Establishment are granted the honorary rank of Lieutenant. Dated 9th October, 1891:—

John William Litchfield.
John Warrington.
William Cliff.
Leonard Manley.

ORGANIZATION.

NATIVE ARMY.

No. 8.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to sanction the reconstitution of two more regiments of Madras native infantry for service in Burma.

2. The corps selected for reconstitution are the 30th and 31st Regiments of Madras Infantry, which, on re-formation, will be designated, respectively—

"THE 30TH REGIMENT (5TH BURMA BATTALION) OF MADRAS INFANTRY."

"THE 31ST REGIMENT (6TH BURMA BATTALION) OF MADRAS (LIGHT) INFANTRY."

3. These corps will be formed—the one from the existing Pynmana Battalion of Military Police (six companies) supplemented by two companies of the Katha-Magwe Military Police Battalion, and the other from the existing Shwebo Battalion of Military Police (eight companies).

4. The existing material of the 30th and 31st Regiments of Madras Infantry will be mustered out, and the Native officers, non-commissioned officers and men now serving in these corps will be transferred to other regiments or pensioned or discharged in the manner hereinafter stated.

5. These corps as now reconstituted will ordinarily be stationed in Burma, but will be recruited for general service.

6. The strength of each corps will be as follows, organized in eight companies:—

1 Commandant.

2 Wing Commanders (the senior to be 2nd-in-Command).

5 Wing officers (of whom one will be Adjutant and one Quartermaster).

1 Medical Officer.

8 Subadars (one of whom will be Subadar-Major).

8 Jemadars (one of whom will be Native Adjutant).

41 Havildars (including one Havildar-Major).

40 Naicks.

16 Drummers or buglers.

720 Sepoys.

7. The British officers will be selected by the Commander-in-Chief, Madras, as far as possible from volunteers from the Madras Army, but those now serving with the police corps about to be transferred to the army, if they belong to another presidency, may receive suitable appointments in the reconstituted corps for a period of three years, should it be desired to retain their services with them, and if they are willing to remain.

8. The rule (Article 266, clause (a), Army Regulations, India, vol. 1, part 1) requiring commandants to vacate on completion of seven years' tenure will not for the present be applied to the commandants of the corps now re-formed.

9. The pay and allowances of the British officers of these corps will be the same as those allowed for native infantry generally, but, in consideration of the circumstances of local service in Burma, each British officer will receive in addition a local allowance of Rs. 100 per mensem, and will also be eligible for the indulgence of three months' privilege leave in each year.

10. The British officers of these corps belonging to the Madras army will be eligible for general staff employment in the same way as all other officers of that army. They will be subject to the same rules as regards exchanges and transfers as the officers of the four Burma battalions already formed.

11. Probationers for the Indian Staff Corps may be appointed direct to these corps in succession to vacancies, without first going through

a course of duty with other regiments of the Madras Army.

12. The native officers, non-commissioned officers and men now serving in the police battalions above named will be eligible to continue serving in the corps on their conversion on the terms now laid down.

13. The following rates of pay are sanctioned for the native ranks of the corps, *vis.* :—

Pay as laid down for Madras in Army Regulations, India, vol. I, part II, articles 45-C and 68-D, *plus* the following monthly Burma allowance in lieu of batta allowed to Madras troops in Burma (*vide* article 109-A of the same Regulations) :

Subadar-Major	50
Subadar	30
Jemadar	15
Havildar	7-8
Naick	6
Drummer, Bugler, and Sepoy	2

The Burma local allowance will be admitted to native officers, non-commissioned officers and men of the Burma battalions of Madras Infantry during all authorised leave or furlough taken by them, whether in India or in Burma.

14. Good-conduct pay will be given as laid down in articles 85 and 86 of the Regulations above quoted.

15. The conditions of service as regards enlistment, kit money, clothing, half mounting, discharge, pensions, and free quarters will be the same as those sanctioned for the four Burma battalions already formed.

16. Former service in the police battalions and in the army will count towards the period of service required for the grant of good-conduct pay and pension.

17. All ranks, including native officers, will be granted free rations as in Army Regulations, India, vol. V, para. 522.

18. Furlough and leave will be granted under the regulations in force in the Bengal Army.

19. The indulgences conceded to the military police in regard to families will be continued on the transfer of these companies of military police to the Madras Army, *vis.* :—

- (a) Native officers will be permitted to take their families to Burma on payment of half passage money.
- (b) Twenty per cent. of havildars, 20 per cent. of naicks, and 5 per cent. of drummers, buglers, and sepoy will be allowed a similar indulgence free of cost.
- (c) Free accommodation will be provided for families to the above extent.

The term "families" is held to apply to wives and children only.

20. Soldiers serving in the battalions as now re-formed will be liable to transfer to any other local Burma battalions to which these corps may hereafter be linked, as the exigencies of the service may require.

21. The classes of which the 30th and 31st (Burma) Regiments of Madras Infantry are composed will be notified hereafter.

22. The Native officers, non-commissioned officers and men now serving in the 30th and 31st Regiments of Madras Infantry will cease to

be borne on the rolls thereof from the 31st January, 1892, and will be disposed of as follows :

- (a) Native officers, non-commissioned officers and men who have served for pension for 25 years and upwards will be transferred to the pension establishment on the superior rate of pension of their rank, irrespective of the period they may have served therein, *plus* rice compensation.
- (b) Native officers, non-commissioned officers and men of 15 years' service and upwards will be transferred to the pension establishment on the ordinary pension of their rank (irrespective of the period they may have served therein), *plus* rice compensation, with the option, in the case of drummers, buglers, and privates who have not completed 21 years' service, of being transferred to other regiments.
- (c) Native officers, non-commissioned officers and men of more than 10 and less than 15 years' service will be transferred to the pension establishment on two-thirds of the ordinary rate of pension of their rank (irrespective of the period they may have served therein), *plus* rice compensation, with the option, in the case of drummers, buglers, and privates, of being transferred to other regiments.
- (d) Non-commissioned officers and men of more than 5 years' and less than 10 years' service will have the option of transfer to other regiments, and, in the case of privates only, of joining the active reserve. Such as elect for discharge from the service, or for transfer to the active reserve, will receive a gratuity of one month's pay (including good-conduct pay) for each year of service.
- (e) Non-commissioned officers and men of less than 5 years' service will have the option of being transferred to other regiments, or, in the case of privates only, of joining the active reserve.

23. The restriction as to the number of men (160) to be permitted to join the active reserve of any one battalion is suspended in regard to the 30th and 31st Madras Infantry.

24. The present reservists of the battalions to be reconstituted will be allowed the option of joining the reserves of the battalions linked to these corps under their former organization, or of taking their discharge.

25. The mess, band, and other property of the 30th and 31st Madras Infantry, together with the colors of these corps, will remain with the regiments as reconstituted.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 9.—The following promotions are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval :—

STAFF CORPS.

Captains to be Majors. Dated 30th December, 1891.

Thomas Haughton Eyre.
Alexander William Dennistown Campbell.
Charles Stuart Wheler.
Brevet Major Edmund George Barrow.
Maurice Crosbie Cooke-Collis.

Claude Frederick Gambier.
William Selwood Hewett.
Francis George Lawrence Mainwaring.
Mossom Innis Gibbs.
Charles Mordaunt Fitzgerald.
Arthur Cautley Bunney.

To be Captain.

Lieutenant Pulteney Malcolm—11th August, 1891.

MISCELLANEOUS LIST.

No. 10.—Sub-Conductor Henry Morrison, Office of the Inspector General of Artillery in India, to be Conductor;

Sergeant Thomas Yarnold Macey, Office of the Adjutant General in India, to be Sub-Conductor; with effect from the 22nd November, 1891, vice Conductor C. Clavering, deceased.

NATIVE ARMY.

No. 11.—Corps of Bengal Sappers and Miners—

Color-Havildar Gurdin to be Jemadar, vice Jiwan Beg, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st November, 1891.

No. 12.—32nd (Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry (Pioneers)—

Havildar Jaimal Singh to be Jemadar, vice Hira Singh (1st), deceased, with effect from the 15th August, 1891.

No. 13.—40th (Pathan) Regiment of Bengal Infantry—

Jemadars Sargand, Mukarrab Khan, Azam Khan, and Ali Khan to be Subadars, and Drill-Havildar Nur Muhammad to be Jemadar, to fill existing vacancies, with effect from the 20th November, 1891.

PUNJAB FRONTIER FORCE.

No. 14.—2nd Punjab Cavalry—

Dafadar Shamsud-din Khan to be Jemadar, vice Muhammad Hayat, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 9th December, 1891.

No. 15.—No. 1.—(Kohat) Mountain Battery—

Havildar Muhammad Khan to be Jemadar vice Gul, deceased, with effect from the 25th January, 1891.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 1st January, 1892.

Under Clause 25 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act of 1863, it is notified that report of the death of the under-mentioned Commissioned Officer, on the date specified, was received in the Military Department between the 26th December, 1891, and the 1st January, 1892:—

Corps.	Rank and Name.	Date of Decease.	Place of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	REMARKS.
18th Hussars	2nd Lieutenant H. J. T. Stewart.	28th December, 1891	Meerut.	.	.

ERRATUM.—In Military Department Notification dated the 25th December, 1891, the date of death of Apothecary W. Mullins should be "the 5th November, 1891".

E. H. H. COLLEN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

No. 16.—In G. G. O. No. 533 of 1870 for "21st December, 1868," as the date of formation of the Bangalore Rifle Volunteers, read 21st November, 1868.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 17.—Northern Bengal Mounted Rifles—Mr. Alfred Aston Barnes to be Second-Lieutenant, vice Thomas, promoted.

No. 18.—Berar Volunteer Rifle Corps—Colonel Edward James Gunthorpe, Staff Corps, to be Major Commandant, vice Little, resigned.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 19.—Northern Bengal Mounted Rifles—Second-Lieutenant James Thomas to be Captain, vice Carter, resigned.

No. 20.—Allahabad Volunteer Rifle Corps—The second Christian names of Captains Pike and Dunn are, respectively, Watson and Paisley, and not as notified in G. G. Os. Nos. 1141 and 1159 of 1891.

No. 21.—Mussoorie Volunteer Rifle Corps—Lieutenant Alexander Macaulay Markham to be Major, to complete the establishment.

No. 22.—Ghasipur Volunteer Rifle Corps—Captain Gregory Marcar Gregory to be Major, vice Cruickshank, resigned.

RESIGNATIONS.

No. 23.—Behar Volunteer Rifle Corps—Major C. Little resigns his commission.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 1.—Mr. H. T. S. Blackford, Assistant Engineer, Indian Marine, is permitted to resign his appointment, with effect from the 1st January, 1892.

No. 2.—With reference to G. G. O. No. 38, dated 18th September, 1891, for "Mr. Rustomji Dorabji" read "Mr. Dorabji Rustomji."

E. H. H. COLLEN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 30th December, 1891.

No. 456.—In continuation of Public Works Department Notification No. 207, dated 9th June, 1891, it is hereby notified for information that the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for India has in Despatches Nos. 48 Railway and 130 Railway of the 30th April and 19th November, 1891, respectively, accorded sanction to the commencement of work on the Mu Valley State Railway from Kawlin to Mogoung, the proposed terminus of the line, and on the Katha Branch.

No. 457.—Mr. E. F. Jacob, class I. grade 3, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State

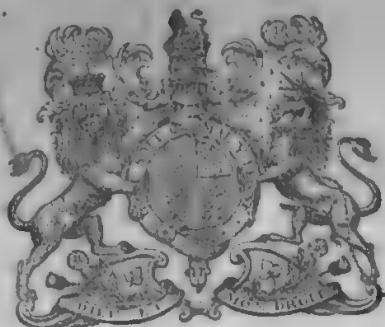
Railways, Traffic Department, is appointed to officiate as Traffic Superintendent of the North Western Railway in class I, grade 2, *vice* Mr. G. F. Mathew, C.I.E., on privilege leave.

Mr. W. J. Chamberlain, class II, grade 2, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railway, Traffic Department, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Traffic Superintendent of the North Western Railway in class I, *vice* Mr. Jacob.

No. 458.—Mr. F. Grant, Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade, Punjab, has been permitted, at his own request, to retire from the service of Government, with effect from the 27th October, 1891.

J. G. FORBES, *Colonel, R.E.,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

Registration
Dep. Recd. 13th Dec. 1891
Expenditure do
Accounts - do
Revenue do
7/1



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 2.]

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 9, 1892.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

CONTENTS.

PART I.—Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, Leave of Absence, General Orders, Rules and Regulations.

PART II.—Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, Administrator General, Paper Currency Department, Presidency Pay Master, Money Order Department, Mint Master, Secretary and Treasurer, Bank of Bengal, Superintendent of Government Printing, and other Government Officers; Postal, Telegraph, and Commissariat Notices.

PART III.—Advertisements and Notices by private individuals and Corporations.

PART IV.—Acts of the Governor-General's Council assented to by the Governor-General:—

Nothing for Publication.

PART V.—Bills introduced in the Council of the Governor-General of India for making Laws and Regulations, or Reports of Select Committees presented to the Council:—

Nothing for Publication.

PART VI.—Abstract of the Proceedings of the Council of the Governor-General of India assembled for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations:—

Nothing for Publication.

SUPPLEMENT NO. 2.

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 8th January, 1892.

No. 3.—In exercise of the power conferred by the Statute 24 and 25 Vict., Cap. 67, Section 17, the Governor General in Council has been pleased to appoint Friday, the 15th instant, at 11 A.M., as the time, and the Council Chamber in the Government House, Calcutta, as the place, for a meeting of the Council of the Governor General for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations.

S. HARVEY JAMES,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Fort William, the 5th January, 1892.

No. 14-G.—The privilege leave for fourteen days granted, in Foreign Department notifica-

tion, no. 1319-G., dated the 10th September, 1891, to Mr. J. A. Crawford, Political Agent of the 2nd class, and First Assistant and Secretary for Berar to the Resident at Hyderabad, is extended by three days.

The 6th January, 1892.

No. 18-G.—With the sanction of Her Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. G. Oesinger as Consular Agent for France at Madras.

No. 22-(A.)G.—Saiyad Dilawar Ali Shah is appointed temporarily to be an Extra Assistant Commissioner in Ajmere, with effect from the date on which he assumed charge.

No. 22-(B.)G.—Bhai Arjan Singh is appointed temporarily to be an Extra Assistant Commissioner in Merwara, with effect from the date on which he assumed charge.

H. M. DURAND,

Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Calcutta, the 7th January, 1892.

No. 20.—In Home Department Notification No. 516, dated the 28th November, 1891, regarding the retirement from the Indian Civil Service of Mr. F. M. Halliday, for "6th November, 1891," read "30th October, 1891."

No. 24.—The services of Mr. P. H. O'Brien, Indian Civil Service, Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Dinagopore, are placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of Assam.

MEDICAL.

The 6th January, 1892.

No. 8.—The services of the Medical officers

Surgeon G. J. H. Bell, M.B.—Home Department Notification No. 367, dated 28th May, 1890.

Surgeon H. W. Pilgrim—Home Department Notification No. 390, dated 10th June, 1890.

Surgeon R. K. A. Whitwell, M.B.—Home Department Notification No. 569, dated 2nd September, 1890.

Surgeon N. P. Sinha—Home Department Notification No. 420, dated 19th June, 1890.

Surgeon A. W. D. Leahy—Home Department Notification No. 148, dated 27th March, 1891.

Surgeon D. M. Moir—Home Department Notification No. 574, dated 17th September, 1891.

Surgeon E. H. Brown—Home Department Notification No. 590, dated 8th September, 1890.

Surgeon F. J. Drury, M.B.—Home Department Notification No. 812, dated 24th December, 1890.

on the Bengal Establishment named in the margin, which were placed temporarily at the disposal of the Bengal Government, by the Home Department Notifications quoted against their names, are placed permanently at the disposal of that Government.

No. 9.—The services of Surgeons J. B. Gibbons and G. Jameson, M.B., which were placed temporarily at the disposal of the Bengal Government by Home Department Notifications No. 322, dated the 7th August, 1884, and No. 132, dated the 22nd March, 1888, are placed permanently at the disposal of that Government with retrospective effect from the 20th February, 1885, and the 18th March, 1890, respectively.

JUDICIAL.

The 5th January, 1892.

No. 7.—The Hon'ble A. Wilson, Barrister-at-Law, a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, has obtained furlough for six months on urgent private affairs, with effect from the 1st February, 1892, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it, together with the necessary subsidiary leave.

POLICE.

The 4th January, 1892.

No. 1.—The services of Captain W. R. Little, Indian Staff Corps, 21st Bengal Infantry, are

placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of Assam for employment as Commandant of the Naga Hills Military Police Battalion.

The 6th January, 1892.

No. 11.—The services of Lieutenant J. C. Erck, I.S.C., 23rd Madras Infantry, are placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of Burma for employment as an Assistant Commandant in the Upper Burma Military Police.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

The 5th January, 1892.

No. 5.—The Reverend G. H. N. Ingle, a Chaplain on probation on the Bengal (Calcutta) Ecclesiastical Establishment, reported his arrival on the afternoon of the 29th December, 1891.

Mr. Ingle's services are placed at the disposal of the Government of the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, with effect from the 30th December, 1891.

The 6th January, 1892.

No. 8.—With effect from the 7th January, 1892, or the subsequent date on which he may assume charge of his duties, the Reverend L. Klugh, a Chaplain on probation on the Bengal Ecclesiastical Establishment, is appointed to officiate as Chaplain of Jubbulpore.

EDUCATION.

The 7th January, 1892.

No. 7.—Mr. M. E. DuS. Prothero, Professor, Presidency College, Calcutta, is appointed to officiate as Director of Public Instruction in Assam, during the absence on furlough of Mr. J. Willson, or until further orders.

No. 10.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint the following gentlemen to be Fellows of the University of Calcutta:—

Prince Jahán Kadr Mirza Muhammad Wahid Ali Bahádur.

Mr. Komes Chunder Dutt, Indian Civil Service, Barrister-at-Law.

Mr. Alexander Macdonell, M.A., Bengal Education Department.

Maulavi Khuda Bakhsh, Khan Bahadur, Government Pleader, Bankipore.

The Revd. A. P. Begg, B.A., London Missionary Society's Institution, Calcutta.

Babu Kailás Chandra Bose, L.M.S.

Babu Upendra Náth Mitra, M.A., B.L.

Babu Prán Náth Pandit, M.A., B.L.

C. J. LYALL,

Secretary to the Government of India.

REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

PATENTS.

Calcutta, the 5th January, 1892.

No. 2 P.—Applications in respect of the under-mentioned inventions have been filed, during the week ending 2nd January 1892, under the provisions of Act V of 1888, in the Office of the Secretary appointed under the Inventions and Designs Act, 1888.

No. 338 of 1891.—William Dunsmore Bohm, of 51, Avenue Road, Acton, in the County of Middlesex, England, Metallurgical Chemist and Engineer, for improvements in apparatus for leaching ores in separating gold and silver therefrom.

No. 339 of 1891.—William Dunsmore Bohm, of 51, Avenue Road, Acton, in the County of Middlesex, England, Metallurgical Chemist and Engineer, for improvements in and apparatus for the separation of gold and silver from ores or materials containing them.

No. 340 of 1891.—Carl Vogel, of 40, Sofienstrasse, Stuttgart, in the Empire of Germany, Architect, for improvements in and connected with automatically indicating or recording targets.

No. 341 of 1891.—Algernon Joseph Yorke, of No. 1, Princes Square, Bayswater, in the County of Middlesex, England. Merchant, for improved method of and apparatus for producing available hydraulic pressure.

No. 342 of 1891.—William White Robertson, of Insein, British Burma in India, an Engineer in the Public Works Department, for improvements in the art or process of building, and in the economic appli-

cation and distribution of supports, beams and trusses, etc., for floors, platforms and similar structures.

No. 343 of 1891.—Messrs. E. O. Moser & Co., of Stuttgart, Germany, Manufacturers of Chocolate, for improvements in and connected with the process of extracting cocoa or rendering it soluble for the preparation of soluble cocoa or the manufacture of cocoa powder, chocolate and the like preparations.

No. 344 of 1891.—Joseph Yates, Engineer, of Pinlico Road, London, England, for an appliance to facilitate taking pills (medicine).

No. 345 of 1891.—Archibald Constable, of 14 Parliament Street, in the City of Westminster, England, Publisher, for improvements in means for the protection of books.

No. 346 of 1891.—Benny Bernstein, of the City, County and State of New York, United States of America, for a new or improved fastening for gloves, shoes, corsets and the like.

No. 347 of 1891.—Eugen Reverdy, of No. 14, Am Markt, Bremen, in the Empire of Germany, Factory Manager, for a new or improved machine for sorting hulled grain from unhulled grain and chaff.

E. C. BUCK,

Secretary to the Government of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.*Fort William, the 8th January, 1892.***APPOINTMENTS.****COMMISSARIAT-TRANSPORT DEPARTMENT.**

No. 24.—Lieutenant A. R. Ditmas, Staff Corps, Deputy Assistant Commissary General, 2nd class, on probation, is confirmed in that appointment, with effect from the 28th October, 1890.

HYDERABAD CONTINGENT.**No. 25.**—*1st Lancers*—

Lieutenant C. E. E. F. K. Macquoid, Wing Officer, 3rd Infantry, to be Officiating Squadron Officer, *vice* Captain F. Oswald, on furlough. Dated 9th December, 1891.

No. 26.—*3rd Infantry*—

Lieutenant E. Tennant, 3rd Bombay Infantry, to be Officiating Wing Officer, *vice* Lieutenant Macquoid, appointed to the 1st Lancers;

Lieutenant E. N. Davis, 3rd Bombay Infantry, to be Officiating Wing Officer, *vice* Lieutenant Dalyell, appointed to the 3rd Lancers; with effect from the 22nd December, 1891.

NATIVE ARMY.

No. 27.—The following direct appointment is made, with effect from the date of joining:—

16th Bengal Cavalry.

Jai-deo Singh to be Jemadar on probation, *vice* probationary Jemadar Prem Singh, transferred to the 12th Bengal Cavalry.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

No. 28.—The undermentioned officers are granted leave to proceed out of India on private affairs under the leave rules for the Staff Corps; the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty:—

Colonel N. F. Parker, General List, Infantry, Assistant Commissary General, 1st class, for one year. Pension service—33rd year commenced 16th November, 1891.

Captain E. S. Masters, Staff Corps, Bhopal Battalion, Cantonment Magistrate, Secunderabad, for one year. Pension service—17th year commenced 10th November, 1891.

Lieutenant H. W. Campbell, Staff Corps, Squadron Officer and Adjutant, 18th Regiment of Bengal Lancers, for one year. Pension service—10th year commenced 9th September, 1891.

Lieutenant W. J. P. Kaye, Staff Corps, 30th (Punjab) Regiment of Bengal Infantry. Deputy Assistant Commissary General, 2nd class, for one year. Pension service—7th year commenced 29th August, 1891.

No. 29.—The undermentioned officer is granted leave to proceed out of India on medical certificate under the leave rules for the Staff Corps; the leave to have effect in India from the date of being struck off duty till the date of sail-

ing; the specified period to count from the date of leaving India:—

Captain F. M. Rundall, Staff Corps, Wing Commander and 2nd-in-Command, 1st Battalion, 4th Gurkha (Rifle) Regiment, for one year. Pension service—20th year commenced 9th March, 1891.

No. 30.—The undermentioned Honorary Commissioned and Warrant officers are granted leave to proceed out of India on medical certificate under Article 920-F, Army Regulations, India, Volume I, Part I; the leave to have effect in India from the date of being struck off duty till the date of sailing. the specified period to count from the date of leaving India:—

Lieutenant and Deputy Assistant Commissary L. Ogley, Commissariat-Transport Department, for one year.

Conductor J. T. Mantz, Assistant Overseer, Ordnance Department, for one year.

No. 31.—The undermentioned officers have been granted extensions of furlough or leave by the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India:—

Major P. E. Henderson, Staff Corps, Assistant Commissioner, 1st grade, Assam, (m. c.) for six months

Captain G. W. B. Swiney, Staff Corps, Wing Commander, 2nd Punjab Infantry, Punjab Frontier Force, (p. a.) for two months.

Lieutenant D. D. Baynes, Staff Corps, Squadron Officer, 12th Regiment of Bengal Cavalry, (m. c.) for ten days.

No. 32.—Captain E. B. Burton, Staff Corps, Squadron Commander, 17th Regiment of Bengal Cavalry, is granted leave for the 14th October, 1891, in extension of that allowed him in G. G. O. No. 828 of 1890.

No. 33.—Colonel A. Bloomfield, Staff Corps, Deputy Commissioner, 1st class, Central Provinces, has been permitted by the Secretary of State for India to reside out of India, under Article 738 (b), Army Regulations, India, Volume I, Part I, with effect from the 22nd March, 1892.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 34.—The following extract is published for general information:—

"*London Gazette*," dated the 15th December, 1891, page 6913.

WAR OFFICE, PALL MALL,
15th December, 1891.

* * * * *

MEMORANDA.

The name of the Deputy-Assistant Commissary of the Bengal Establishment, granted the honorary rank of Lieutenant in the Gazette of 8th December, 1891, is *John Harrington*; and not as stated therein.

* * * * *

PENSIONS.

No. 35.—Conductor James Nicol Waugh, Ordnance Department, Bengal, is transferred to the pension establishment.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 36.—The following promotions are made, subject to Her Majesty's approval:—

STAFF CORPS.

To be Lieutenant-Colonel.

Major William Hill, 5th January, 1892.

To be Majors.

Captain and Colonel in the Army Norman Robert Stewart, 30th December, 1891.
Captain William Grenville Mansel, 3rd January, 1892.

NATIVE ARMY.

No. 37.—5th Bengal Cavalry—

Ressaidar Sarup Singh to be Risaldar, Jemadar Bharat Singh to be Ressaidar, and Kot-Dafadar Ram-bakhsh Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Baldeo Singh, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st December, 1891.

No. 38.—12th (The Kelat-i-Ghilsar) Regiment of Bengal Infantry—

Jemadar Mir Bakhsh to be Subadar and Havildar Gulab Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Haji Shah, transferred to the pension establishment with effect from the 3rd December, 1891.

Havildar Hira Lal to be Jemadar, *vice* Muhabbat Khan, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 9th December, 1891.

No. 39.—18th Regiment of Bengal Infantry—

Havildar Bahadur Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Thakur Singh, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st September, 1891.

No. 40.—44th Gurkha (Rifle) Regiment of Bengal Infantry—

Color-Havildar Bikaram Gurung to be Jemadar, *vice* Abhimán Singh Gurung, transferred to the 1st Burma Infantry, with effect from the 21st November, 1891.

No. 41.—1st Battalion, 4th Gurkha (Rifle) Regiment—

Havildar Kalu Dura to be Jemadar, *vice* Punia Gurung, deceased, with effect from the 20th November, 1891.

No. 42.—5th Punjab Cavalry—

Ressaidar Amar Singh to be Risaldar, Jemadar Abdul Kadir Khan to be Ressaidar, and Dafadar Taj Muhammad Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Abdullah Khan, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 1st November, 1891.

RETIREMENTS.

No. 43.—Colonel Arthur Plantagenet Broome, General List, Infantry, Commandant, 18th Regiment of Bengal Lancers, has been permitted

to retire from the service, with effect from the 20th November, 1891, subject to Her Majesty's approval.

REWARDS.

GOOD SERVICE PENSIONS.

No. 44.—It is notified that on the recommendation of the Government of India, Her Majesty's Government has been pleased to confer a good service pension on the undermentioned officers, with effect from the dates specified:—

From the 13th August, 1891, in room of Deputy Surgeon-General J. H. Thornton, C.B., retired with the special additional pension of £250.

COLONEL CHARLES EDWARD STEWART, C.B.,
C.M.G., C.I.E., STAFF CORPS.

Dates of Commissions.

Ensign	14th April, 1874.
Lieutenant	1st May, 1855.
Captain	14th April, 1866.
Major	14th April, 1874.
Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel	22nd November, 1879.
Lieutenant-Colonel	14th April, 1880.
Colonel in the Army	22nd November, 1883.

Appointments.

Regimental duty, 27th Foot, 1854-57.
Doing duty with the 8th Punjab Infantry, 1857-58.
Regimental duty, 1st Sikh Cavalry and 5th Punjab Infantry, as Adjutant, February 1858 to February 1859.
Staff Officer of a column in the field in Oudh, February to June 1859.
Regimental duty, 5th Punjab Infantry, as Adjutant, Wing Officer, Second-in-Command, and Officiating Commandant, 1859-82.
On special duty under the Foreign Department, 1882-86.
Her Majesty's Consul at Resht and Tabriz, 1887-91.

War Services.

India, 1857-59.—Actions of Bari, Simri, Nawabganj and Sultanpur —(Mentioned in despatches: medal).
North-West Frontier, 1863.—Expedition to and operations in the Ambela Pass.—(Mentioned in despatches: India medal and clasp).
North-West Frontier, 1877-78.—Expedition against the Jowaki Afridis.—(Mentioned in despatches: clasp to India medal; brevet of Lieutenant-Colonel).

From the 2nd September, 1891, in room of Deputy Surgeon-General G. F. Farrell, C.B., retired with the special additional pension of £250.

DEPUTY SURGEON-GENERAL JOHN CHARLES MORICE, INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE, BENGAL.

Dates of Commissions.

Assistant-Surgeon	8th October, 1856.
Surgeon	8th October, 1868.
Surgeon-Major	1st July, 1873.
Brigade-Surgeon	1st January, 1884.
Deputy Surgeon-General	24th October, 1887.

Appointments.

Regimental duty, 53rd Foot, 1857-58.
Regimental duty, Rohilkhand Horse (16th Bengal Cavalry), 1858-74.
Civil Surgeon, Simla, 1874-76.
Civil Surgeon, Srinagar, (Kashmir), 1876.
Civil Surgeon, Amritsar and Dharmasala, 1878-81.
Regimental duty, 7th Bengal Cavalry, 1882-85.
Medical Officer, Suakin Field Force, 1885.
Regimental duty, 2-4th Gurkha Regiment, 1886.
Officiating Deputy Surgeon-General, Presidency District, 1886-87.
Deputy Surgeon-General, Presidency District, 1887-91.

War Services.

India, 1857.—Relief of Lucknow; actions of Cawnpore, Sarai Ghat and Kali Nadi; capture of Fatehgarh; siege and capture of Lucknow; capture of Bareilly and Shahjahanpur; and operations on the Rohilkhand frontier and in Bandelkhand.—(Medal and two clasps.)

Hassara, 1868.—Operations on the Black Mountain.—(India medal and clasp.)

Soudan, 1885.—At Saukin.—(Mentioned in despatches: medal and clasp.)

VOLUNTEER CORPS.**APPOINTMENTS.**

No. 45.—3rd Punjab (North Western Railway) Volunteer Rifle Corps—

Mr. George Henry List to be Captain, with effect from the 29th November, 1891, *vice* Englebright, retired.

RESIGNATIONS.

No. 46.—Northern Bengal Mounted Rifles—
Second-Lieutenant E. E. Hill resigns his commission.

MILITARY WORKS DEPARTMENT.**PROMOTIONS.**

No. 47.—CORRIGENDUM.—In G. G. O. No. 1114, dated 27th November, 1891, for "Sub-Conductor Thomas Fischer" read Sub-Conductor Thomas Fisher.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.**APPOINTMENTS.**

No. 3.—With reference to G. G. O. No. 57, dated 28th November, 1890, Mr. T. G. Bailey, Officiating Chief Builder, Kidderpore Dockyard, is confirmed in his appointment, with effect from the 6th December, 1891.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

No. 4.—Captain H. A. Street, Indian Marine, has been granted by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India an extension of furlough (p.a.) for three months.

E. H. H. COLLEN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.**NOTIFICATION.**

Calcutta, the 8th January, 1892.

Under clause 25 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act of 1863, it is notified that reports of the deaths of the undermentioned Commissioned and Warrant Officers, on the dates specified, were received in the Military Department between the 2nd and the 8th January, 1892:—

Corps.	Rank and Names.	Date of decease.	Place of decease.	Testate or Intestate.	REMARKS.
2nd Battalion, the Royal Irish Regiment.	Lieutenant W. T. Blunt.	3rd January, 1892.	Fategarh.		
Subordinate Medical Department.	Assistant Apothecary W. Dickson.	2nd January, 1892.	Meean Meer.		

Statement of Deposits on account of Estates between the 5th December, 1891, and the 8th January, 1892.

On whose account.	Rank.	Corps.	Date of decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Total unclaimed amount deposited.	Amount paid in India.	Date to which claims will be received.
Charles Lawrence Walsh	Surgeon	Medical Staff	4th Aug. 1891	Intestate	R a. p. 1 9 0	...	...

E. H. H. COLLEN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.**NOTIFICATIONS.**

Calcutta, the 4th January, 1892.

No. 1.—The services of Mr. R. Sivewright, Executive Engineer, 3rd grade, sub. *pro tem.*, State Railways, who was lent to the Bengal Doonars Railway Company, are placed at the disposal of the Director-General of Railways for employment on the Mari-Attock Extension Railway and Frontier Railway Survey.

No. 2.—Mr. H. A. D. Wathen, Examiner of Accounts, attached to the Office of the Examiner of Accounts, North Western Railway, is transferred to the Office of the Examiner of Accounts, Military Works.

No. 3.—Mr. S. DeBrath, Executive Engineer, 3rd grade, sub. *pro tem.*, State Railways, is attached to the Office of the Secretary to the Government of India in the Public Works Department.

Public Works Department Notification No. 450, dated 22nd December, 1891, posting Mr. DeBrath to the Mari-Attock Extension Railway and Frontier Railway Surveys, is hereby cancelled.

No. 4.—Mr. C. M. Davies, Class I, grade 3, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, Locomotive Department, has been granted, by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, furlough for three months in extension of that notified in Public Works Department Notification No. 136, dated 24th April, 1891.

No. 5.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to order the following promotions and reversions of Executive and Assistant Engineers, attached to State Railways, with effect from the dates specified:—

NAMES.	From	To	Nature of promotion.	With effect from
Napier, Honourable B. H. S.	Assistant Engineer, 1st grade.	Executive Engineer, 4th grade.	Temporary	26th Sept., 1891.
Giles, W.	Assistant Engineer, 1st grade.	Executive Engineer, 4th grade.	Ditto	6th Oct., 1891.
Chirnside, J. B.	Executive Engineer, 4th grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 4th grade.	Ditto	7th „ 1891.
Craster, Captain S. L., R.E.	Assistant Engineer, 1st grade.	Executive Engineer, 4th grade.	Ditto	20th „ 1891.
Chirnside, J. B.	Executive Engineer, 4th grade, temporary rank.	Executive Engineer, 4th grade.	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	1st Nov., 1891.
Twiss, Lieutenant J. H., R.E.	Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade.	Assistant Engineer, 1st grade.	Permanent	1st „ 1891.
Smith, J. H. M.	Assistant Engineer, 1st grade.	Executive Engineer, 4th grade.	Temporary	9th „ 1891.
Selby, Major H. O., R.E.	Executive Engineer, 2nd grade.	Executive Engineer, 1st grade.	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	12th „ 1891.
Despeissis, J. M. A.	Assistant Engineer, 1st grade.	Executive Engineer, 4th grade.	Temporary	15th „ 1891.
Chiodetti, A. T.	Executive Engineer, 4th grade, temporary rank.	Assistant Engineer, 1st grade.	.....	15th „ 1891.
Johns, W. A.	Executive Engineer, 3rd grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 4th grade.	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	16th „ 1891.
Chirnside, J. B.	Executive Engineer, 4th grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 4th grade.	Temporary	16th „ 1891.
Willcocks, J.	Assistant Engineer, 1st grade.	Executive Engineer, 4th grade.	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	16th „ 1891.
Savory, H. G. S.	Executive Engineer, 4th grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 3rd grade.	Ditto	18th „ 1891.
Bose, Bhoobun Mohun, Rai Bahadur.	Executive Engineer, 3rd grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 3rd grade.	Permanent	18th „ 1891.
Haig, W. S.	Executive Engineer, 3rd grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 3rd grade.	Ditto	18th „ 1891.
Hewitt, St. J.	Assistant Engineer, 1st grade, and Executive Engineer, 3rd grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 4th grade, and Executive Engineer, 3rd grade.	Ditto	18th „ 1891.
Twining, Lieutenant P. G., R.E.	Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade.	Assistant Engineer, 1st grade.	Permanent	18th „ 1891.
Dallas, J. E.	Executive Engineer, 3rd grade.	Executive Engineer, 2nd grade.	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	25th „ 1891.
Denne, R. T.	Assistant Engineer, 1st grade.	Executive Engineer, 3rd grade.	Ditto	28th „ 1891.
Taylor, H. B.	Assistant Engineer, 1st grade.	Executive Engineer, 4th grade.	Ditto	1st Dec., 1891.
Cowie, Captain C. H., R.E.	Executive Engineer, 4th grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 4th grade.	Temporary	1st „ 1891.
Willcocks, J.	Executive Engineer, 4th grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 3rd grade.	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	1st „ 1891.
Manson, J.	Executive Engineer, 3rd grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 4th grade.	Ditto	1st „ 1891.
Dyson, R. C.	Assistant Engineer, 1st grade.	Executive Engineer, 4th grade.	Ditto	1st „ 1891.
Capper, Captain J. E., R.E.	Executive Engineer, 4th grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 4th grade.	Temporary	1st „ 1891.
Selby, Major H. O., R.E.	Executive Engineer, 1st grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 2nd grade.	.....	7th „ 1891.
Dallas, J. E.	Executive Engineer, 2nd grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 3rd grade.	.....	7th „ 1891.
Alexander, E. J.	Executive Engineer, 3rd grade, sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	Executive Engineer, 4th grade.	Sub. <i>pro tem.</i>	7th „ 1891.

The 6th January, 1892.

No. 6.—Mr. W. T. O'Donoghue, Examiner of Accounts, is posted to the Office of the Examiner of Accounts, North Western Railway, as a temporary arrangement.

The 7th January, 1892.

No. 7.—The following permanent promotions are made in the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, Locomotive Department, with effect from the 1st January, 1892:—

NAMES.	From	To
Cardew, C. E.	Class II, grade 2, and class I, grade 3, temporary rank	Class II, grade 1, and class I, grade 3, temporary rank.
Ivens, F. J.	Class II, grade 2	Class II, grade 1.

No. 8.—Mr. J. Elston, Executive Engineer, 2nd grade, is, on return from leave, posted to the Establishment under the Chief Commissioner of Burma for employment on Railways.

No. 9.—In continuation of Public Works Department Notification No. 384, dated 2nd November, 1891, it is hereby notified for general information that the project for the construction of a permanent line of Railway through the Mushkaf and Bolan Valleys from Sibi to Kolpur will in future be known as the "Mushkaf-Bolan State Railway".

J. G. FORBES, Colonel, R.E.,
Secretary to the Government of India.

Serials 15/1



The Gazette of India

EXTRAORDINARY.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, FRIDAY, JANUARY 15, 1892.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 12th January, 1892.

SEPARATE REVENUE.

GOA TREATY.
CUSTOMS.

No. 171.

In the exercise of the powers conferred by Section 19 of the Sea Customs Act, VIII of 1878, the Governor General in Council is pleased to prohibit, with effect from the 15th January, 1892, the bringing or taking by sea or by land, into any part of the Presidency of Bombay, of country liquor produced or manufactured in any part of the Indian Possessions of His Majesty the King of Portugal and the Algarves.

No. 172.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the undermentioned Notifications be cancelled, with effect from the 15th January, 1892:—

Notifications in the Finance and Commerce Department, No. 9, dated the 3rd January 1880; No. 47 C., dated the 4th February, 1880, and No. 2248, dated the 14th July 1882.

J. F. FINLAY,

Secretary to the Government of India.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 3.} CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 16, 1892.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART II.—Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, Administrator General, Paper Currency Department, Presidency Pay Master, Money Order Department, Mint Master, Secretary and Treasurer, Bank of Bengal, Superintendent of Government Printing, and other Government Officers; Postal, Telegraph, and Commissariat Notices.

PART III.—Advertisements and Notices by private individuals and Corporations.

PART IV.—Acts of the Governor-General's Council assented to by the Governor-General:—

Nothing for Publication.

PART V.—Bills introduced in the Council of the Governor-General of India for making Laws and Regulations, or Reports of Select Committees presented to the Council:—

Nothing for Publication.

PART VI.—Abstract of the Proceedings of the Council of the Governor-General of India assembled for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations:—

Death of His Royal Highness the Duke of Clarence and Avondale.

SUPPLEMENT No. 3.

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

PUBLIC.

Calcutta, the 13th January, 1892.

No. 47.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 27 of the Indian Arms Act (XI of 1878), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to substitute for clause (c) of paragraph II of Home Department Notification No. 518, dated the 6th March, 1879, as amended by Home Department Notification No. 822, dated the 8th June, 1886, the following clause, namely:—

“(c) weapons known as ‘das,’ being of a kind intended exclusively for domestic, agricultural or industrial purposes, so far as regards Lower Burma; and spears of all kinds, so far as regards the Arakan Hill Tracts.”

The 14th January, 1892.

No. 54.—Intelligence having been received of the death of His Royal Highness Prince Albert Victor Christian Edward, eldest son of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales—Duke of Clarence and Avondale, Earl of Athlone, K.G., K.P., LL.D. (Cantab. and Dublin), the Governor-General in Council hereby directs that the Officers of Her Majesty's Civil, Military, and Marine Services do put themselves into mourning until further orders.

The Governor-General in Council requests that a similar mark of respect may, on this melancholy occasion, be observed by all other classes of British subjects in India.

The Flag at Fort William will be hoisted half mast high from sunrise to-morrow until further orders.

C. J. LYALL,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

The 12th January, 1892.

No. 36.—Mr. C. J. Lyall, C.I.E., Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department, has obtained privilege leave for two months and twenty-five days, with effect from the 20th January, 1892, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

J. P. HEWETT,

Deputy Secretary to the Government of India.

No. 37.—Mr. J. P. Hewett, C.I.E., Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department, is appointed to act as Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department during the absence on leave of Mr. Lyall, or until further orders.

No. 38.—Mr. P. G. Melitus, Under-Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department, is appointed to act as Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department during the absence on deputation of Mr. Hewett, or until further orders.

MEDICAL.

The 12th January, 1892.

No. 28.—Surgeon J. C. Marsden, Madras Establishment, Civil Surgeon of Coorg, is granted one year's furlough on medical certificate, with effect from the date on which he availed himself of it.

This cancels Home Department Notification No. 746, dated the 24th November, 1891.

No. 29.—Surgeon-Major R. Pemberton, Madras Establishment, is appointed to officiate as Civil Surgeon of Coorg during the absence on furlough of Surgeon J. C. Marsden, or until further orders.

This cancels Home Department Notification No. 747, dated the 24th November, 1891.

JUDICIAL.

The 15th January, 1892.

No. 84.—The services of Captain H. F. Farant, 11th Madras Infantry, are placed at the

disposal of the Chief Commissioner of Burma for employment as Cantonment Magistrate, Mandalay.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

The 12th January, 1892.

No. 17.—The following programme of the Right Reverend the Bishop of Calcutta's proposed visitation of parts of Bengal is published for general information :—

STATIONS.	Arrival.	Departure.
Calcutta . . .	.....	Friday, Jan. 15th.
Jamulpur . . .	Saturday, Jan. 16th	Tuesday „ 19th.
Godda . . .	Tuesday „ 19th	Thursday „ 21st.
Bhagulpur . . .	Thursday „ 21st	Friday „ 22nd.
Purneah . . .	Friday „ 22nd	Monday „ 25th.
Buxar . . .	Tuesday „ 26th	Wednesday „ 27th.
Assensole . . .	Thursday „ 28th	Friday „ 29th.
Calcutta . . .	Friday „ 29th	.....

Letters for the Bishop or his Chaplain may be sent to meet him at any of the above-mentioned places, except Godda and Bhagulpur, where no letters should be sent.

C. J. LYALL,

Secretary to the Government of India.

REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

FORESTS.

Calcutta, the 14th January, 1892.

No 56-F.—With reference to the Notification by the Chief Commissioner of Assam, No. 10813 G., dated the 24th ultimo, Babu Upendra Nath Kanjilal, Forest Ranger, Assam, is appointed to be an Instructor at the Forest School, Dehra Dun, under the terms of paragraph 10 (i) of the Circular Resolution of this Department, No. 18 F., dated the 29th July last, and with effect from the date on which he assumed charge of his duties.

PATENTS.

The 13th January, 1892.

No. 24-P.—Applications in respect of the under-mentioned inventions have been filed, during the week ending 9th January 1892, under the provisions of Act V of 1888, in the Office of the Secretary appointed under the Inventions and Designs Act, 1888 :—

No. 1 of 1892.—Siegmond Orbach of Koniginhof in the Province of Bohemia in the Empire of Austria, Hungary, for improvements in Velocipedes.

No. 2 of 1892.—T. E. Thomson & Co., Ltd., Hardware and Metal Merchants, Engineers and Founders, No. 9,

Esplanade Row, Calcutta, for a combined hand and leg cuff and an improved mode of fastening for the same.

No. 3 of 1892.—Arthur Elphinstone Cummins, at present residing at Spence's Hotel, Calcutta, Engineer, for a new and improved method of

baling cotton without using the ordinary hoops or lashing.

No. 4 of 1892.—Henry Sabow, Engineer, Kurbea House, Kurseong, for breaking tea, entitled H. Sabow's T. Breaker.

No. 5 of 1892.—The Electrolibration Company, a Corporation organised under the laws of the State of Alabama, one of the United States of America, and having its principal places of business at Birmingham, Alabama, and Washington, District of Columbia, both in the United States of America, by its President, John Norwood Webb, for improvements in the method of treating nervous and other disorders of the human system and apparatus therefor.

No. 6 of 1892.—John Bennett, care of Messrs. Richardson & Co., 25, Suffolk Street, East, Pall Mall, London, in the County of Middlesex, England, Member of the Institution of Civil Engineers, Great Britain, gentleman, for an improved roof tile and method of laying and fixing the same on roof framings (to be called "Bennett's Patent storm-proof roof tiling").

No. 7 of 1892.—Charles Frederick Sykes, F.G.H., Assistant Engineer, Public Works Department, India, at present attached to the North Western State Railway, Lahore, Punjab, for a strain meter and indicator for measuring and shewing the nature of the small strains occurring in iron and other structures under the action of applied force or stress.

No. 8 of 1892.—William Wright, Julius Hirshfeld, Andrew Patterson Morison, and William Morison, of No. 165, Broadway, New York, N. Y., United

States, America, Merchants, for improvements in light protectors for lamps.

No. 9 of 1892.—Lewis Benson Kennedy, late of the City of Saint Louis in the County of Saint Louis and State of Missouri, one of the United States of America, now residing at 55 Montague Mansions, London, W., brick manufacturer, for improvements in and relating to brick and tile machines.

No. 10 of 1892.—Herbert Furnell Laughton, of 28, Apollo Street, Bombay, at present temporarily residing in Calcutta, Electrical Engineer, for an invention for punkah pulling.

No. 11 of 1892.—Edward Lennon Cantwell, Civil Engineer and Patent Agent of No. 5, Old Post Office Street, Calcutta, for a vessel for holding or storing fluids under air pressure which can be applied to various useful purposes.

E. C. BUCK,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Fort William, the 9th January 1892.

No. 38-G.—With reference to Foreign Department Notification No. 900-G., dated the 18th June 1891, Mr. C. Slater, Consul for the Austro-Hungarian Empire at Madras, has resumed charge of his office.

No. 43-G.—The following promotion is made in the Bhopal Battalion, with effect from the 6th December, 1891:—

Havildar Narayan Tiwari to be Jemadar, *vice* Jemadar Shiu-dayal Pande, invalided.

The 12th January 1892.

No. 63-G.—Lieutenant A. H. McMahon, Staff Corps, Officiating Political Agent of the 3rd class, and Assistant Political Agent in Zhob, is granted privilege leave for three months, with effect from the 15th January, 1892, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

The 13th January, 1892.

No. 66-G.—Colonel H. P. Peacock, Bengal Cavalry, Resident of the 2nd class, and Political

Resident in Turkish Arabia, is, on return from furlough, appointed to officiate as Resident at Jaipur, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

No. 70-G.—The following promotions are made in the Merwara Battalion, with effect from the 1st December, 1891 :—

To be Subadars.

Jemadar Azima, *vice* Subadar Khuda-bakhsh invalided.

Jemadar Gaina, *vice* Subadar Pitthu, invalided.

To be Jemadars.

Havildar Uman, *vice* Azima, promoted.

Havildar Durga, *vice* Gaina, promoted.

No. 159-I.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 4 and 5 of the Foreign Jurisdiction and Extradition Act (XXI of 1879), and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to apply to the cantonment of Secunderabad the Vaccination Act (XIII of 1880) subject to the following modifications :—

- (1) Omit the second paragraph of section 1 and section 4.
- (2) For the words "Local Government" and "official Gazette," wherever they occur, read the words "Resident at Hyderabad" and "Residency Orders" respectively.

No. 165-I.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 6 of the Foreign Jurisdiction and Extradition Act (XXI of 1879) the Governor-General in Council is pleased to appoint the officer for the time being holding the office of Cantonment Magistrate of Aurungabad and Jalna, being a European British subject, to be a Justice of the Peace within the Hyderabad State.

No. 169-I.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 4 and 5 of the Foreign Jurisdiction and Extradition Act, 1879, and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to issue the following orders applicable to the cantonment of Bolarum :—

1. The Bazar Regulations of the Hyderabad Contingent stations, so far as they apply to the said cantonment, are repealed.
2. The administration of the police and the maintenance of the peace within the limits of the said cantonment, or within such lesser limits as may from time to time be fixed by order of the Resident, shall be vested in the Officer Commanding the station.
3. The immediate charge of the police within the said limits shall, under the orders of the Officer Commanding the station, be vested in the Superintendent of Police or in such other officer as may be specially appointed by the Resident or by the Officer Commanding the Hyderabad Contingent, subject to the Resident's confirmation.
4. All persons residing within the said limits shall be subject to all regulations issued by the Officer Commanding the station and confirmed by the Resident for the maintenance of good order and fair dealing in the bazar, and for the

prompt and efficient execution of such services as belong to their respective occupations.

5. All persons found guilty of a breach of any of the regulations specified in the preceding section shall be punishable with fine not exceeding one hundred rupees, and in default of payment of fine with imprisonment of either description not exceeding one month.

6. The officer in immediate charge of the police under these orders may arrest or cause to be arrested within the said limits any vagrant or suspicious person who has no ostensible means of subsistence or any person of notoriously bad character, and the Officer Commanding the station may expel such person or persons from the said limits.

7. Any person resident beyond the said limits, who is summoned as a witness and attends to give evidence in any proceeding under these orders, shall be entitled to receive payment of his reasonable expenses at the rate of not less than one anna or more than four annas per day. The rate shall be fixed by the Court with reference to the rank and circumstances of the witness.

8. Any person smuggling, or attempting to smuggle, any spirituous liquor or intoxicating drug into the said limits, and any person, not being a vendor duly licensed, selling the same, or having in his possession within the said limits and without a permit from the proper authority more than half a bottle of any spirituous liquor or more than a quarter seer of any intoxicating drug, shall, on conviction, be liable to punishment as provided in section 5 of these orders.

9. All sentences of imprisonment passed under these orders shall be carried out in the Secunderabad Jail.

10. No person amenable to the Articles of War shall be tried under section 5 or section 8 of these orders without the previous sanction of the Officer Commanding the station. Such sanction may be given generally or for a particular case.

11. Nothing herein contained shall apply to—
- (a) any proceedings pending at the date of the issue of these orders; or
 - (b) proceedings against European British subjects.

No. 171-I.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 4 and 5 of the Foreign Jurisdiction and Extradition Act, 1879, and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to issue the following orders applicable to the cantonment of Raichore :—

1. The Bazar Regulations of the Hyderabad Contingent stations, so far as they apply to the said cantonment, are repealed.
2. The administration of the police and the maintenance of the peace within the limits of the said cantonment or within such lesser limits as may from time to time be fixed by order of the Resident shall be vested in the Officer Commanding the station.
3. The immediate charge of the police within the said limits shall, under the orders of the Officer Commanding the station, be vested in the Superintendent of Police or in such other officer as may be specially appointed by the Resident or by the Officer Commanding the Hyderabad Contingent, subject to the Resident's confirmation.

4. All persons residing within the said limits shall be subject to all regulations issued by the Officer Commanding the station and confirmed by the Resident for the maintenance of good order and fair dealing in the bazar, and for the prompt and efficient execution of such services as belong to their respective occupations.

5. All persons found guilty of a breach of any of the regulations specified in the preceding section shall be punishable with fine not exceeding one hundred rupees, and in default of payment of fine with imprisonment of either description not exceeding one month.

6. The officer in immediate charge of the police under these orders may arrest or cause to be arrested within the said limits any vagrant or suspicious person who has no ostensible means of subsistence or any person of notoriously bad character, and the Officer Commanding the station may expel such person or persons from the said limits.

7. Any person resident beyond the said limits, who is summoned as a witness and attends to give evidence in any proceeding under these orders, shall be entitled to receive payment of his reasonable expenses at the rate of not less than one anna or more than four annas per day. The rates shall be fixed by the Court with reference to the rank and circumstances of the witness.

8. Any person smuggling, or attempting to smuggle, any spirituous liquor or intoxicating drug into the said limits, and any person, not being a vendor duly licensed, selling the same, or having in his possession within the said limits and without a permit from the proper authority more than half a bottle of any spirituous liquor or more than a quarter seer of any intoxicating drug, shall, on conviction, be liable to punishment as provided in section 5 of these orders.

9. All sentences of imprisonment passed under these orders shall be carried out in the Secunderabad Jail.

10. No person amenable to the Articles of War shall be tried under section 5 or section 8 of these orders without the previous sanction of the Officer Commanding the station. Such sanction may be given generally or for a particular case.

11. Nothing herein contained shall apply to—
(a) any proceedings pending at the date of the issue of these orders; or
(b) proceedings against European British subjects.

No. 172-I.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 4 and 5 of the Foreign Jurisdiction and Extradition Act, 1879, and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to issue the following orders applicable to the cantonment of Hingoli:—

1. The Bazar Regulations of the Hyderabad Contingent stations, so far as they apply to the said cantonment, are repealed.

2. The administration of the police and the maintenance of the peace within the limits of the said cantonment, or within such lesser limits as may from time to time be fixed by order of the Resident, shall be vested in the Officer Commanding the station.

3. The immediate charge of the police within

the said limits shall, under the orders of the Officer Commanding the station, be vested in the Superintendent of Police or in such other officer as may be specially appointed by the Resident or by the Officer Commanding the Hyderabad Contingent, subject to the Resident's confirmation.

4. All persons residing within the said limits shall be subject to all regulations issued by the Officer Commanding the station and confirmed by the Resident for the maintenance of good order and fair dealing in the bazar, and for the prompt and efficient execution of such services as belong to their respective occupations.

5. All persons found guilty of a breach of any of the regulations specified in the preceding section shall be punishable with fine not exceeding one hundred rupees, and in default of payment of fine with imprisonment of either description not exceeding one month.

6. The officer in immediate charge of the police under these orders may arrest or cause to be arrested within the said limits any vagrant or suspicious person who has no ostensible means of subsistence or any person of notoriously bad character, and the Officer Commanding the station may expel such person or persons from the said limits.

7. Any person resident beyond the said limits, who is summoned as a witness and attends to give evidence in any proceeding under these orders, shall be entitled to receive payment of his reasonable expenses at the rate of not less than one anna or more than four annas per day. The rate shall be fixed by the Court with reference to the rank and circumstances of the witness.

8. Any person smuggling, or attempting to smuggle any spirituous liquor or intoxicating drug into the said limits, and any person not being a vendor duly licensed, selling the same, or having in his possession within the said limits and without a permit from the proper authority more than half a bottle of any spirituous liquor or more than a quarter seer of any intoxicating drug, shall, on conviction, be liable to punishment as provided in section 5 of these orders.

9. All sentences of imprisonment passed under these orders shall be carried out in the Basim Jail.

10. No person amenable to the Articles of War shall be tried under section 5 or section 8 of these orders without the previous sanction of the Officer Commanding the station. Such sanction may be given generally or for a particular case.

11. Nothing herein contained shall apply to—

(a) any proceedings pending at the date of the issue of these orders; or
(b) proceedings against European British subjects.

No. 173-I.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 4 and 5 of the Foreign Jurisdiction and Extradition Act (XXI of 1879) and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to apply the provisions, so far as they may be suitable, of the Succession Certificate Act (VII of 1889) to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts,

subject to the modification that for section 17 the following shall be read, namely:—

“Where a certificate in the form of the second schedule to this Act has been granted under the Succession Certificate Act, 1889, by a Court having jurisdiction in British India, or where a certificate in the form, as nearly as circumstances admit, of the said schedule has been granted to a resident within a Foreign State by the British representative accredited to the State, or where a certificate so granted has been extended in such form by such Court or by such representative, the certificate shall have the same effect in the Hyderabad Assigned Districts as a certificate granted or extended under this Act.”

II. For the purpose of facilitating the application of the provisions of this Act to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, any Court therein may construe them with such alterations, not affecting the substance, as may be necessary or proper to adapt them to the matter before the Court.

III. So much of the Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 212-J., dated the 24th October 1873, as applied Act XXVII of 1860 to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, is hereby cancelled.

No. 175-I.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 4 and 5 of the Foreign Jurisdiction and Extradition Act (XXI of 1879) and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to apply the provisions, so far as they may be suitable, of the Succession Certificate Act (VII of 1889) to the Cantonment of Secunderabad, subject to the modification that for section 17 the following shall be read, namely:—

“Where a certificate in the form of the second schedule to this Act has been granted under the Succession Certificate Act, 1889, by a Court having jurisdiction in British India, or where a certificate in the form, as nearly as circumstances admit, of the said schedule has been granted to a resident within a Foreign State by the British representative accredited to the State, or where a certificate so granted has been extended in such form by such Court or by such representative, the certificate shall have the same effect in the Cantonment of Secunderabad as a certificate granted or extended under this Act.”

II. For the purpose of facilitating the application of the provisions of this Act to the Cantonment of Secunderabad, any Court therein may construe them with such alterations, not affecting the substance, as may be necessary or proper to adapt them to the matter before the Court.

III. So much of the Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 213-J., dated the 24th October 1873, as applied Act XXVII of 1860 to the Cantonment of Secunderabad, is hereby cancelled.

No. 177-I.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 4 and 5 of the Foreign Jurisdiction and Extradition Act (XXI of 1879) and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to apply the provisions, so far as they may be suitable, of the Succession Certificate Act (VII of 1889) to the Hyderabad Residency Bazars,

subject to the modification that for section 17 the following shall be read, namely:—

“Where a certificate in the form of the second schedule to this Act has been granted under the Succession Certificate Act, 1889, by a Court having jurisdiction in British India, or where a certificate in the form, as nearly as circumstances admit, of the said schedule has been granted to a resident within a Foreign State by the British representative accredited to the State, or where a certificate so granted has been extended in such form by such Court or by such representative, the certificate shall have the same effect in the Hyderabad Residency Bazars as a certificate granted or extended under this Act.”

II. For the purpose of facilitating the application of the provisions of this Act to the Hyderabad Residency Bazars, any Court therein may construe them with such alterations, not affecting the substance, as may be necessary or proper to adapt them to the matter before the Court.

No. 179-I.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 4 and 5 of the Foreign Jurisdiction and Extradition Act (XXI of 1879) and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to apply the provisions, so far as they may be suitable, of the Succession Certificate Act (VII of 1889) to the lands in the territory of His Highness the Nizam of Hyderabad, which are occupied, or may be hereafter occupied, by the Nizam's Guaranteed State Railway Company, by the Great Indian Peninsula Railway, by the Dhond-Manmad Railway, by the Madras Railway, and by the Southern Mahratta Railway, respectively (including the lands occupied as stations and out-buildings and for other railway purposes), subject to the modification that for section 17 the following shall be read, namely:—

“Where a certificate in the form of the second schedule to this Act has been granted under the Succession Certificate Act, 1889, by a Court having jurisdiction in British India, or where a certificate in the form, as nearly as circumstances admit, of the said schedule has been granted to a resident within a Foreign State by the British representative accredited to the State, or where a certificate so granted has been extended in such form by such Court or by such representative, the certificate shall have the same effect in the railway lands to which this Act has been applied as a certificate granted or extended under this Act.”

II. For the purpose of facilitating the application of the provisions of this Act to the aforesaid lands, any Court in these lands may construe them with such alterations, not affecting the substance, as may be necessary or proper to adapt them to the matter before the Court.

III. So much of the Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 1144-I., dated the 22nd March 1888, as amended by the Notification in the same Department, No. 2065-I., dated the 22nd May, 1889, as applied Act XXVII of 1860 to the aforesaid lands, is hereby cancelled.

The 14th January, 1892.

No 75-G.—Major R. H. Jennings, Royal Engineers, Executive Engineer, 3rd grade, Military